

Arab News



# arab news

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Oakland A's Rickey Henderson stole his 101st base, snapping the American League record of 100 he set in 1980 as the A's split the doubleheader with Seattle Mariners. Oakland captured the nightcap after Seattle bagged the first game. In the Natwest Cricket tournament, Alvin Kallicharran hit a magnificent 141 to propel Warwickshire to an exciting five-wicket victory over Somerset. — Page 5

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**Italian crisis**

The Italian government is plunged into new turmoil by a revolt of its supporters over austerity measures put forward by the Socialist finance minister. — Page 12

## 129 Kenya coup rebels killed

NAIROBI, Aug. 5 (AP) — President Daniel Arap Moi said Thursday that 129 persons — mainly rebels — were killed in Sunday's attempted coup which he called "disjointed and at no stage had a chance of succeeding".

"The rebellion did not succeed because it did not have popular support," Moi told the diplomatic corps at the state house, his official residence. "It is a pity that these misguided fellows had to engage in such violence. Let this be a lesson to others."

A ranking Kenyan official told the Associated Press that 1,600 rebel air force personnel had been arrested by Wednesday night and that another eight were detained early Thursday. He said the number was expected to increase. Nairobi courts have charged 327 civilians on looting offenses.

Meanwhile, the Central Bank ordered the suspension of foreign exchange dealings.

## Marilyn murdered, says new study

LOS ANGELES, California, Aug. 5 (AP) — A private detective who says he has spent the last 10 years investigating the death of Marilyn Monroe claimed Wednesday that the actress was murdered after her romance with Robert F. Kennedy ended.

"Robert Kennedy had told Marilyn Monroe that he would divorce his wife," said Milo Speriglio, who operates the Nick Harris Detective Agency. "Marilyn Monroe thought she was going to be the first lady" if Robert Kennedy was elected president.

Speriglio claimed at a press conference that a private telephone line linking the late New York Senator and Miss Monroe was disconnected shortly before she died two decades ago and that Kennedy was seen leaving her home the day she died.

A Kennedy family spokeswoman who asked not to be identified said in Washington

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## U.N. orders Israel to withdraw army

UNITED NATIONS, Aug. 5 (Agencies)

— The Security Council adopted late Wednesday a resolution demanding a prompt withdrawal of Israeli troops from West Beirut.

The United States, which other council members had feared would veto the resolution, abstained. All 14 other members of the council voted in favor of the document, which accused Israel of disregarding six earlier motions demanding its withdrawal from Lebanon.

Several sections of the document were amended to prevent a U.S. veto. Among the changes announced when the Security Council resumed deliberations at 0215 GMT was the addition of a phrase noting the Palestine Liberation Organization's decision to withdraw from Beirut.

The resolution, authored by Jordan and Spain, also authorized Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar to increase immediately the number of U.N. observers in Beirut.

The adopted resolution dropped a reference to chapter seven of the U.N. Charter, which calls for mandatory international sanctions.

The earlier draft began by stating that the Security Council was "deeply shocked and alarmed by the atrocities committed by the Israeli forces and the invasion of Beirut.

Ang. 3, 1982."

To avoid a U.S. veto, the word "atrocities" was replaced by "deplorable consequences."

In the third paragraph of the main body of the document, which took Israel to task for its failure to comply with six earlier resolutions demanding its withdrawal from Lebanon, the word "condemn" was changed to "censure."

The last paragraph which had set a deadline of "not later than three hours from now" for the council to meet to discuss implementation of the resolution was deleted.

But the United States remained dissatisfied with the final text. A U.S. representative said the main shortcoming of the text was that it did not formally demand the departure of the Palestinian commandos.

Lebanese representative Ghassan Tuemi repeated his country's demand that both Israeli and Palestinian forces leave Lebanon without delay. The Israeli representative, Yehudah Blum, said that once Israel's goals were achieved, its forces would withdraw to the Lebanese-Israeli truce lines.

Meanwhile, Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar has proposed that he fly

immediately to Israel and Lebanon on a peace mission, but was deterred by the response of Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin. A U.N. spokesman, disclosing the initiative, said Begin had replied that Israel would welcome the secretary general's visit if Cuellar did not also see Yasser Arafat, leader of the PLO chairman.

## Fahd urges halt to carnage

JEDDAH, Aug. 5 (SPA) — King Fahd Thursday telephoned President Reagan, to try to contain the crisis caused by the wanton and barbaric Israeli assaults on the civilian population in West Beirut. The King's aim is to bring pressure on Israel to stop the bloodbath in Lebanon.

On Wednesday, King Fahd urged Reagan to take speedy measures to stop the escalation of the situation in Lebanon, accusing Israel of seeking to obstruct efforts to achieve a peaceful settlement.

The King explained to President Reagan the "dimensions of the Israeli barbaric attack" and its serious effect on the situation in Lebanon in particular and the whole region in general."

He also noted that the attack "hampered any efforts aimed at finding a settlement for the Lebanese problem and peace moves in the Middle East as a whole." He urged the U.S. to "assume its role in this connection."

The King noted that the Israeli escalation came in the wake of a U.N. Security Council resolution calling for a ceasefire in Lebanon and the despatch of U.N. observers to maintain peace between the two sides. "This reveals Israel's premeditated intention to undermine the march of peace," King Fahd said.

## Blast rocks

### Beirut hotel

BEIRUT, Aug. 5 (AP) — A massive car bomb exploded Thursday in the parking lot of the Alexandre Hotel in East Beirut where an estimated 100 foreign journalists are staying. There were no deaths but several people were injured.

The bomb-laden car went off at 1258 local time (1058 GMT) and was parked in an area close to the hotel dining room. The blast shattered all windows along the front of the hotel, sending glass pieces flying into bedrooms and into the restaurant where several journalists and diplomats were having lunch.

It was not clear how many persons were injured but several persons had cuts from flying glass. A few cars also caught fire.

It was the first car bomb explosion in East Beirut since Israel invaded Lebanon June 5. Rightist forces have been collaborating with Israeli troops who move freely in East Beir.

The car bomb explosion came just one day after a shell struck a bedroom at the Commodore Hotel, which houses foreign journalists in West Beirut.

## Brezhnev lauds PLO defenders

MOSCOW, Aug. 5 (AFP) — Soviet president Leonid Brezhnev has sent a message to Palestine Liberation Organization Chairman Yasser Arafat praising the "courage and resolution of the defenders of Beirut." Tass news agency said Thursday.

Brezhnev said his message was sent at a critical moment in the destiny of the Palestinian and Lebanese people reeling under the "bloody carnage" of the Israeli aggressors who were carrying out "barbarous destruction" of the Lebanese capital. He said the Soviet Union appreciated and understood the "awareness of responsibilities and the unshakable faith in your cause" that governed the Palestinians' combat.

Claims were also dismissed by Roger Richman, who represents Miss Monroe's estate, as mere publicity-seeking. Speriglio claimed Miss Monroe was upset at being cut off from Kennedy and had threatened to hold a news conference to reveal the contents of her diary.

## Mental patient guarded queen

LONDON, Aug. 5 (AP) — A mentally ill man was hired briefly to help protect Queen Elizabeth II. Prince Charles and Princess Diana three weeks before the man killed his own wife, Press Association, the British domestic news agency, reported Wednesday.

The report appeared likely to fuel a controversy over protection of Britain's royal family. Last month an intruder entered the queen's bedroom before being led away and her chief bodyguard resigned after a perver-sion scandal.

Stephen Chambers, 29, was employed as a temporary security guard at London's Barbican Center when the capital's new arts and cultural complex was opened by members of the royal family last March, the agency said.

Last week, a judge at London's Old Bailey criminal court sentenced Chambers to 10 years in jail for killing his wife. He admitted to manslaughter on the grounds of "diminished responsibility," or mental illness. The court was told that Chambers stab-

## Sequel to siege

## Beirut on verge of collapse

BEIRUT, Aug. 5 (Agencies) — After six weeks of Israeli siege, West Beirut is on the point of collapse, with food supplies fast running out and hospitals threatening to close.

Essential services for the citizens still in West Beirut are heading for total breakdown as a 10-day-old cutoff of water and electricity bites ever deeper. Fuel, used to power emergency generators, is almost unobtainable and petrol changed hands Thursday at

300 Lebanese pounds (\$60) for 20 liters — 10 times the price it was before Israel invaded Lebanon June 6.

With no fuel, refuse trucks have been off the road for the past week and ever-growing piles of rubbish burn day and night in the once-elegant streets. The city's decay is highlighted by the situation at the American University Hospital, once the most respected medical center in the Middle East. "We face a

calamity in the next few days if we don't work very hard," said a senior administrator as he rushed into a crisis meeting.

The 400-bed hospital, which has treated over 3,000 casualties since the fighting began, said Wednesday that it needs supplies of fuel oil to keep going. The official said a bigger problem was the presence of 2,000 refugees in and around the hospital.

The basements are so crowded with refugee families that the X-ray department has closed down. "We can't get patients near the place," said one doctor. The once-sparkling ground floor corridors are half-lit to save fuel and littered with the debris of squatters. Behind the reception desk is a heap of dozens of assault rifles from commandos who have handed in their weapons. Other commandos saunter around the building bristling with guns and grenades.

The hospital became a magnet for the thousands of squatters in West Beirut after their temporary homes in the hitherto uncouth central areas were raked with Israeli fire in the past two days. The hospital itself was hit Wednesday by one shell which blew out windows on the ground floor.

The American Hospital's burden is increased by an influx of half-treated patients from other hospitals which can no longer treat them. Many of them have nowhere to go but the floor. Seventy patients from a Palestinian-run hospital in a converted central hotel arrived there Wednesday after the hospital decided it was unsafe to continue.

Dr. Nassib Barbir, the owner of the Barbir Hospital just behind the front line separating the Palestinian commandos from Israeli forces, said his hospital would have to close in five days if no fuel was found. The hospital was shelled all day Wednesday and the 50 remaining patients are all in the basement lying in store rooms or propped up against bits of electrical switchgear.

Angry crowds gathered outside bakeries Thursday for dwindling supplies of bread. One man said he had queued for six hours for his ration of 10 loaves of unleavened bread.

The Israelis blocked supplies of fuel and food after they encircled West Beirut June 13 to starve the population.

Meanwhile Beirut residents gradually emerged from shelter Thursday as a relative calm returned to the city amid reports from Washington that Palestinian and Israeli troops had agreed to a new and tenth ceasefire after Wednesday day-long Israeli assault against West Beirut.

But Beirut official radiop, monitored in Nicosia, reported that Israeli troops were reinforcing their positions around the western sector of Beirut following Wednesday's three-pronged onslaught on the city. Tanks and bulldozers had been moved in to bolster Israeli troops stationed at the port, in the north, near the Kuwaiti Embassy in the south, and around the central museum checkpoint linking East and West Beirut, the radio said.

As an apparently undeclared truce set in at 8 a.m. local time (1000 GMT), an uneasy calm settled over the city, with only sporadic clashes reported along the three fronts and a 30-minute artillery duel on the southern front.

In Washington, White House spokesman Larry Speakes confirmed that a new ceasefire was in force and said this constituted an "initial response" to Wednesday's appeal by President Ronald Reagan to Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin to re-establish and maintain a strict ceasefire in Lebanon.)

## Irrked by U.S. move

## Begin to resist curbs

TEL AVIV, Aug. 5 (Agencies) — Prime Minister Menahem Begin declared Wednesday he would resist U.S. sanctions aimed at punishing Israel for the continued assault on Beirut saying "nobody is going to bring Israel to her knees."

Begin speaking to a group of American Jews, was referring to reports quoting the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, Sen. Charles Percy (R-Ill.), as saying Washington should impose sanctions on Israel.

In Washington, sources in the Reagan administration said a list of "theoretical sanctions" against Israel had been drawn up. State Department sources said a decision to impose sanctions "remains an option" and that U.S. military, diplomatic and economic support for Israel could be affected.

Israel appeared to be on collision course with the United States, its closest ally, with one U.S. diplomat stating relationship have reached a very low ebb over the latest Israeli attacks in Beirut. The Israeli media said President Reagan had sent Begin a sharp message demanding an immediate end to hostilities in the Lebanese capital in a letter using what were described as "very unpleasant terms."

Another report spoke of an unusually stormy meeting Wednesday night between hardline Defense Minister Ariel Sharon, architect of the invasion, and U.S. Charge d'Affaires William Brown.

Meanwhile, the Israeli movement Peace Now (PN) Wednesday called on its members to stage a blockade around Begin's residence to protest the Israeli blockade and assault on West Beirut.

Mapam, the left wing of the Labor party, also called for a stop to the Israeli attacks on West Beirut "while there is still time."

In Washington, Israel's ambassador to the United States, Moshe Arens, said Thursday any sanctions imposed by the U.S. on Israel would be ineffective and talk of such action was "very foolish."

## Iraqi offer report denied

RIYADH, Aug. 5 (SPA) — Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdou Yamani Thursday denied as sheer fabrication reports by certain broadcasting stations that Iraqi President Saddam Hussein had sent a message to King Fahd saying that he accepted Iran's condition to pay war reparations.

The message which President Saddam Hussein sent to King Fahd, Dr. Yamani said, was about bilateral relations, regular matters and issues of common interest. The message did not in any way deal with the compensation question, no more than it did even mention the war between Iraq and Iran.

Dr. Yamani said that Iraq already rejected such allegations and reiterated its stand on this issue. The minister said he regretted the publication of such news in the present, critical circumstances prevailing in the Arab and Islamic worlds.

**SR1b allocated**

# East-South railway plans progressing

DAMMAM, Aug. 5 — SR1 billion is allocated under the Third Five-Year Development Plan for the construction of a 100 kilometer railroad to link the Eastern Province with the Southern Province. *Al-Madina* reported Thursday.

Work has already started on the project and intensive studies are to be completed by the end of the Third Plan. The practical phase will begin under the Fourth Plan. There will be a standard pattern for all railway stations, combining modernism with traditional Islamic architecture.

The Government Railroad Organization

## Vaccinations prescribed by health ministry

RIYADH, Aug. 5 (SPA) — A vaccination campaign against encephalitis begins here Saturday and will last until Sept. 7. The vaccine is effective for one year.

A Health Ministry statement said that the vaccine is compulsory for workers in the food business, hotels, restaurants, cafes, bakeries and similar businesses, as well employees of the Kingdom's air, land and naval ports, bus and taxi drivers.

The vaccine will also be given to all Mutawifis (those who lead the pilgrims in the holy places) and their representatives, officers and members of the Public Security forces, the National Guard, the Armed Forces and the Traffic Department. The order also applies to municipal workers, street sweepers and other cleanliness workers, airline crews, persons risking contamination from a sick relative and anyone asking to be vaccinated.

Staff medical doctors will handle the vaccination of their employees. Vaccinations will be offered by health offices, hospitals and clinics. Special teams will visit high population areas during office hours to vaccinate whenever wishes to be immunized.

Persons under 12, pregnant women, persons suffering from a chronic disease or running a high fever and those already vaccinated against encephalitis last year will not be required to receive the vaccine.

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## Yamani asks for action on Lebanon

JEDDAH, Aug. 5 (SPA) — "Act now to stop the horrible and barbaric aggression on the Lebanese and Palestinian people," the international community was asked Thursday by Saudi Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani.

He told foreign newsmen at a specially arranged meeting here that the tragic situation created by Israel's onslaught could clearly be ascertained from its siege of West Beirut, its cutting off of water, food and medical supplies to the inhabitants of the area, particularly children, women and old people.

Dr. Yamani warned against the breakout of epidemics which had started "threatening the lives of residents of West Beirut."

He urged the newsmen to "expose the Israeli criminal acts in Lebanon and help in stopping the (Zionist) massacres against the Palestinian and Lebanese people."

Dr. Yamani described the Israeli acts in Lebanon as "the crime of the 20th century."

"We have already asked the international community to help the Palestinian people return to their homeland from where they were expelled. But now we call on the community to provide a few drops of water for the besieged people," he said.

He also called on the world community to be fully aware of the Israeli crimes which had led to the killings of Palestinians in their camps and houses and deprived them of all essential commodities.

Dr. Yamani asked how the Israelis can dare speak about their sufferings at the hands of the Nazis while they have inflicted more serious crimes than the Nazis.

Arab tournaments could be cancelled

RIYADH, Aug. 5 — Whether or not the Palestinian Cup and Arab Games will be held or cancelled in August and September will depend upon the collective decision of the participants according to President of Youth Welfare Prince Faisal ibn Fahd.

Prince Faisal, who returned here Wednesday from a trip during which he had attended the World Cup games in Spain, said that his personal belief is that the current situation in the Arab world would not be helped if the games

This was not only the first ship to arrive carrying Indian pilgrims but also was the first ship carrying pilgrims to Saudi Arabia for this year's Hajj. The Saudi Arabian government has made excellent arrangement for the pilgrims, according to T.T.P. Abdullah and other Indian Embassy officials.

A total of 21,000 pilgrims are expected to come from India for the 1982 Hajj. About 12,000 will be coming by air and the rest by ship. There will be 29 incoming flights (as compared to 17 last year). All incoming flights will be through Air India's Boeing 747 jumbo aircrafts. The first flight is scheduled to arrive at King Abdul Aziz International Airport on Aug. 14 1982.

MWL to train imams

MAKKAH, Aug. 5 (SPA) — A permanent center for the training of imams, speakers and preachers will be opened here within three months. The center is being established by the Muslim World League's Supreme World Council of Mosques. Applicants will have to produce their secondary school certificates or higher degrees. Foreigners who are admitted will receive round trip air tickets and a SR1,000 monthly salary during their six month training. They will however, have to agree that they will work for the Muslim World League's office in their country of origin.

## Local

### Restaurant opens in September

# Japanese cooking arrives in Jeddah

By Munir Muhammad  
Arab News Staff

JEDDAH, Aug. 5 (SPA) — Master chefs will be swallowed in a whirl of razor-sharp knives, soy sauce, fresh seafood and steak right in front of hungry patrons here at the Miseno Teppanyaki Restaurant. Opening in September, the first establishment in the Kingdom specializing in Japanese Teppanyaki cooking will feature meals prepared on a steel grill mounted right in the middle of each table. Everything is brought right to the table by the cook and prepared to mouth-watering perfection.

"You can see exactly what you are eating," explains F. Spilgaard, director. "The cooks are experts in preparing Japanese food and will even cut the food exactly the way the patron likes it."

Spilgaard explained that six cooks were recruited from the Manila Garden Hotel, an establishment that is well known for its Teppanyaki restaurant. "We deprived them of their best cooks," he said.

Strangely enough Teppanyaki restaurants, according to Spilgaard, first became popular in America and then spread back to the East, where they are now quite famous in Japan and other countries. He explained that "Teppan" means Japanese "steel pan," and "yaki" means "cooking," implying cooking in a steel pan.

"This type of meal will be acceptable to clients here because they comprise steaks and seafoods mostly," Spilgaard said. Teppanyaki is very popular in the United States since it was first introduced by a Japanese businessman over a decade ago. Now, the man, a multi-millionaire, owns more than 70 such restaurants across the country.

"Japanese food is not as spicy as the Chinese cuisine," he said. "Japanese food has limited varieties when compared to the Chin-



(Photo by Giovanni Pasquale)

DEMONSTRATION: One of the chefs demonstrates his skill to a private audience Thursday. The Japanese restaurant, to open in September, is located just behind the Jeddah Shopping Center.

ese and is not as popular. Chinese cuisine ranks only second to the world-best French

The Miseno will be very exclusive, and slightly more expensive compared to the Kingdom's Chinese restaurants. Sponsored by the Arif Brothers, owners of the Jeddah Shopping Center, the Miseno will be a joint-venture which will cost between SR1.2 and SR1.5 million, according to Spilgaard.

The group first brought Jeddah its first Chinese restaurant, Chew Foo Enterprises

of Taipei, which already operates seven Chinese restaurants in the Kingdom (three of them in Jeddah), says Miseno is the first Japanese Teppanyaki restaurant in the Middle East and "it will be a world-class restaurant."

Although the range of clientele is limited, the management expects the Teppanyaki to do well.

"Jeddah needs a highly exclusive restaurant," says the manager. "Do we have to go to Taipei for a Teppanyaki restaurant? many Saudi dignitaries ask," he said. When visiting China, most Saudi businessmen and dignitaries eat at the Teppanyaki restaurant there, he asserts.

"Americans and many Europeans are well acquainted with the Teppanyaki food," says Spilgaard. "The other day, the Japanese Embassy wanted reservation for 14 persons even before the restaurant opens. We declined regretfully their insistent request and assurances that they would not mind incomplete decorations."

"The kitchen crew has not been completed for such service," he added.

The Miseno will serve Japanese seafood specialties like Tempura, (fried prawn) and Sashimi (a special type of tuna served raw). Finest steaks will be flown in from the U.S. and other countries, while some of the seafood will be fresh from the Red Sea.

Seating arrangements will be in tables of five, seven and nine persons. However a lesser number will be seated with others to complete a table.

## Proper phone codes avoid confusion

RIYADH, Aug. 5 — Some confusion exists about the correct telephone access codes for the Kingdom according to Fouad Abu Mansour, assistant Deputy Minister for Operation and Maintenance Affairs for the Ministry of Post, Telegraph and Telephone. The ministry has released the following list of access codes which will make it easier to use the Kingdom's long-distance phone network and other services.

### NATIONAL ACCESS CODES

04 Long distance operator  
04 Repair  
05 Directory inquiry  
06 Cable location Service  
09 Mobile telephone repair service  
930 Telex problems service  
993 Traffic accidents  
997 Ambulance  
998 Fire  
999 Police

### INTERNATIONAL ACCESS CODES

Dial "00" plus the country code.

### Service Codes

01 Jurf  
02 Arar  
03 Qassim  
04 Hail  
05 Abha  
06 Baba

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*Grocery bills rise by 36%*

## Israelis pay dearly for Lebanon blitz

TEL AVIV, Aug. 5 (AP) — Israelis woke up Thursday to find their grocery bills up by as much as 36 percent as the government slashed subsidies on basic commodities and services to help finance the war in Lebanon. A liter of milk went up 36 percent to 8.90 shekels (\$0.34) and a 750-gram (26.5 ounce) loaf of white bread rose 15 percent to 4.60 shekels (\$0.17).

Electricity for domestic use increased 15 percent to two shekels (\$0.08) per kilowatt-hour. The government also planned to hike bus fares by 25 percent in two weeks.

Though the increases seemed stiff, Israel has lived with triple-digit annual inflation for three years, and part of the price rises was intended to make up for the devaluation of the shekel.

Sudden price hikes are not uncommon here. A complex system linking salaries to inflation cushions most of the impact

of price rises, and low-income families' welfare payments are adjusted to help them meet their bills.

Finance Minister Yoram Aridor estimated that the increases would save \$50.8 million in subsidies and the money would go straight into the defense budget. Treasury sources estimated the hikes would boost the consumer price index by three percent. The increases came on top of a series of other emergency measures designed to pay for the war, whose cost is already estimated at \$1 billion.

The government is taxing every Israeli 600 shekels (\$22.70) when he travels abroad. It also has imposed a two-percent levy on stock exchange transactions, a four-percent mandatory savings bond on monthly salaries and a three-percent increase in the value added tax (VAT), a sales tax that now stands at 15 percent.

### To protest Israeli blockade

## Arab women end 8-day fast

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (AP) — Eight Arab women, including the wives of some high-ranking diplomats, said Wednesday they were ending an eight-day fast to protest the Israeli blockade of Beirut because "events have overtaken our original purpose."

Hala Maksoud, wife of the permanent observer of the League of Arab States to the United Nations, said the statement issued on behalf of the women referred to Israel's latest attack on the Lebanese capital.

That action, she said, "makes us realize it is not the lack of food or water which most endangers the innocent civilians of Beirut, but the rain of bombs. There is not even time for the people of Beirut to die of starvation."

The women staged their hunger strike under a tent in Lafayette Park across the

street from the White House.

Chadi Klibi, secretary general of the League of Arab States, issued a statement Tuesday urging the women to end their strike and "immediately move to wage the struggle through the information media and American women's organizations."

Meanwhile in Amman, hundreds of Jordanian women and children staged a peaceful demonstration in the streets of Amman Thursday to protest Israel's invasion of Lebanon. The demonstrators chanted anti-Israeli slogans and denounced the "brutal invasion of Lebanon and Palestinian camps," and U.S. support for Israel.

Jordanian police blocked all traffic into the main street leading to embassy row to prevent any possible attack on embassies there.

## Indonesia offers haven for PLO

JAKARTA, Aug. 5 (R) — Indonesia could provide sanctuary for the Palestine Liberation Organization commandos trapped in Beirut by Israeli forces. Minister of Religious Affairs Alamsyah Prawiranegara was quoted as saying Thursday.

The minister said if no Arab countries would take the Palestinians, Indonesia could provide a place for them on one of its 13,000 islands. "This must first be discussed with the president but I am sure he would agree," he said.

A spokesman for President Suharto declined to comment on the statement, made

Wednesday night to Islamic representatives from Sumatra, but a palace official said: "They are a long way from here, are they not?"

The minister, whose statement was published in two Jakarta dailies, suggested a Palestinian homeland could be created on Riau Island off Sumatra or among the Seribu Islands off Jakarta.

Indonesia is the world's most populous Muslim country. It has no diplomatic relations with Israel and has strongly condemned Israel's invasion of Lebanon.

## Turkey eases political curbs

ANKARA, Aug. 5 (Agencies) — Turkey's military rulers have eased restrictions on political expression to generate public debate on a new draft constitution. A communiqué signed Wednesday by the Head of State Gen. Kenan Evren and four top generals said edits number 52 and number 65 restricting political debate were amended.

It said all citizens, academicians, press organizations, members of supreme judiciary organs and professional associations were allowed to express their opinions freely on Turkey's future constitution.

The communiqué said they could debate the contents of the constitution but could not advise citizens how to vote in a constitutional referendum scheduled for November.

## Rajavi calls for toppling Khomeini

PARIS, Aug. 5 (R) — Left-wing Mujahideen guerrilla leader Masoud Rajavi Thursday called on Iranians inside and outside their country to form a coalition to bring down Ayatollah Khomeini's government. Rajavi, who heads the Paris-based National Council for Resistance (NCR), published the message on the 76th anniversary of constitutional revolution which curbed the powers of the Iranian kings of Qajar and Pahlavi dynasties.

Asked whether he thought unity among

resistance groups was possible, Rajavi said: "Effectively the representative of this coalition is the NCR, which has become much stronger in the past year."

His message said united resistance would put an end to Khomeini, who he said was a symbol of dictatorship in Iranian history like that of the Qajar. Rajavi founded the NCR after he fled to France with former Iranian President Abolhassan Bani Sadr.

The people who are still detained under the emergency law because of their involvement in the violent ways of the extremist groups, are no more than 2,000 people," Abu Basha said. According to *Al Gomhouria*, Abu Basha said there was no extra security on Cairo.

A railway linking Dacca and the tea producing center of Sylhet, about 180 kms northeast of Bangladesh, was cut off by flooding water, which submerged the track in several places in Shaista Ganji area, 120 kms northeast of Dacca, they said.

The authorities said a road linking Dacca and the southeastern port city of Chittagong was also flooded in several locations in the Comilla district, 80 kms southeast of Dacca.

A detachment of the army from the Comilla cantonment has already started repair works on the road and measures have been taken to protect it at strategic places, according to the authorities. They said the overall flood situation was becoming worse in districts of Comilla, Rangpur and Sylhet while it was improving in the Chittagong district where three deaths were reported.

Several hundred thousand people have been affected by floods in the four districts, they added.

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## U.S. supports Beirut assault, Tass charges

MOSCOW, Aug. 5 (AP) — The Soviet news agency Tass has charged that the Reagan administration "unconditionally and completely" supported Israel's latest assault on West Beirut.

In a dispatch from Washington Wednesday, Tass said a crisis team of President Ronald Reagan's top advisers met at the White House to discuss the fresh Israeli onslaught against Palestine Liberation Organization positions.

The report charged that the U.S. officials outlined tactics for American diplomacy "to consolidate the results of Israeli aggression."

Tass said the White House and the State Department "again washed their hands" of the crisis by failing to condemn Israel's "fresh violation of the ceasefire and resumption of the brutal destruction of the Lebanese capital."

In a separate commentary, Tass accused Reagan of failing to admit responsibility for the "planned, deliberate extermination of the Palestinian and Lebanese peoples" by Tel Aviv's "fascist military clique."

The commentary referred to Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev's personal message to Reagan last Sunday urging him to do everything possible to end the bloodshed in West Beirut. Reagan angrily rejected Brezhnev's letter Monday, and insisted Washington was working hard to obtain the evacuation of PLO commandos from Beirut and an Israeli withdrawal.

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (R) — King Hussein returned here Wednesday from a two-week visit to Britain during which he conferred with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and government leaders, the official Jordanian news agency Petra reported.

It said that during his talks with British officials, the Jordanian monarch stressed the need for the adoption of a firm international attitude to stop deterioration of the situation in the region following the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and the Iranian-thrust into Iraq. Jordan has supported Iraq in the Gulf war and the king has made frequent visits to Baghdad to confer with President Saddam Hussein.

King Hussein, who was accompanied by Queen Nur, was greeted on his return by Crown Prince Hassan, members of the royal family and senior officials.

## 2,000 religious men held in Egypt

CAIRO, Aug. 5 (AP) — Egyptian Interior Minister Hassan Abu Basha was quoted Thursday as saying 2,000 religious extremists are still detained under the emergency law.

In an interview with government-owned newspaper *Al Gomhouria*, Abu Basha said the government has succeeded, through discussions with many detained religious extremists in convincing them of the contradictions between the Muslim Holy Book and their theories.

He said members of Al-Jihad (holy war), the group implicated in the assassination of late President Anwar Sadat last October have asked to be included in the discussions.

"The people who are still detained under the emergency law because of their involvement in the violent ways of the extremist groups, are no more than 2,000 people," Abu Basha said. According to *Al Gomhouria*, Abu Basha said there was no extra security on Cairo.

## Floods cripple Bangladesh

DACCA, Aug. 5 (AP) — Floods caused by incessant rains paralyzed rail and road traffic and severely damaged standing crops in eastern part of Bangladesh Wednesday, authorities said.

A railway linking Dacca and the tea producing center of Sylhet, about 180 kms northeast of Bangladesh, was cut off by flooding water, which submerged the track in several places in Shaista Ganji area, 120 kms northeast of Dacca, they said.

The authorities said a road linking Dacca and the southeastern port city of Chittagong was also flooded in several locations in the Comilla district, 80 kms southeast of Dacca.

A detachment of the army from the Comilla cantonment has already started repair works on the road and measures have been taken to protect it at strategic places, according to the authorities. They said the overall flood situation was becoming worse in districts of Comilla, Rangpur and Sylhet while it was improving in the Chittagong district where three deaths were reported.

Several hundred thousand people have been affected by floods in the four districts, they added.

## BRIEFS

NICOSIA (AP) — The trial of former Iranian Foreign Minister Sadegh Ghotbzadeh on charges of allegedly plotting to assassinate Ayatollah Khomeini has been postponed pending investigation of some "financial and moral aspects of the case," Tehran radio reported Thursday. The trial was initially set for the first week of July but has since been postponed.

NICOSIA (R) — The Cyprus intercommunal talks due to resume Thursday after the summer recess, have been postponed until next week for more consultations, the Cyprus news agency has reported.

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait police have seized drug worth \$850,000, the country's biggest drug haul, an interior ministry statement said Wednesday.

## arabnews Middle East

## Congressmen want arms to Israel halted

By Tom Martello  
Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 — Two prominent U.S. legislators have told *Arab News* that military aid to Israel should be halted because of the Zionist state's invasion into Lebanon. The harshest criticism of Israel to date from U.S. government officials came at an earlier press conference Monday, during which legislators called for an immediate dialogue between Washington and the Palestine Liberation Organization.

Without that, hope for peace in the region is doomed, said Rep. Paul McCloskey, Republican from California. He admitted that "the last thing Israel wants to see is the United States and the PLO enter into some sort of dialogue." But he said earlier that "unless the United States provides the hope for an ultimate Palestinian homeland in the West Bank and the Gaza, there will never be hope for peace in the area."

The two other legislators at the conference agreed that getting a majority in Congress to denounce Israel or stop military aid would be extremely difficult. "Under the current situation in Lebanon," said the group's leader, Rep. Nick Rahall, a Democrat from West Virginia, "I would be willing to vote" down arms sales or aid. "I think the questions (on continuing to supply Israel) have been asked more than in the past, but there's not a sufficient number (in Congress) to cut off aid."

Also willing to vote against resupplying Israel with warplanes, artillery shells, bombs and so on — a total of about \$2 billion scheduled for the next fiscal year — is Rep. Mary Rose Oakar, a Democrat from Ohio. McCloskey left the gathering early and was not queried on stopping arms sales.

Said Oakar, "We (in Congress) don't decide foreign aid... I don't think we help Israel by not chastising them."

The group of six congressmen found clear evidence of the use of U.S.-made cluster bombs in West Beirut, with McCloskey bringing parts of a detonated bomb to the press conference. But most dramatic was "the massive, senseless and heartless devastation of West Beirut," in the words of Rahall. Schools, apartment buildings, businesses totally demolished — with untold numbers of innocent civilians buried underneath."



**SHELLING:** Israeli invaders besieging West Beirut heavily shelled residential areas of the city Wednesday. Picture (above) shows a huge cloud of black smoke rising over buildings near the Beirut sports stadium. Picture (below) shows volunteers of the civil defense carrying an old lady on a stretcher into an ambulance on the once fashionable Hamra Street in West Beirut Wednesday.



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**Mauritius claims sovereignty**

## U.S. fears loss of Diego Garcia

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (R) — American defense officials say they fear this summer's left-wing election victory in the Indian Ocean nation of Mauritius could jeopardize plans to defend vital Gulf oil resources from a U.S. military base on Diego Garcia island.

If Mauritius succeeds in its claim to sovereignty over Diego Garcia, Pentagon officials say, the United States would be hard pressed to find another suitable base in the region.

The Reagan administration and its predecessor have poured hundreds of millions of dollars in a buildup on British-ruled Diego Garcia. The island is by far the closest American base to the Gulf region and the waterways that carry Middle Eastern oil to the United States, all its allies in Western Europe and Asia.

In 1968, Britain granted independence to Mauritius, off the eastern coast of Africa. But the British retained Diego Garcia, 1,200 miles to the north, which London had agreed in 1966 to lease to the United States for a

military base.

The Mauritian Militant Movement (MMM) and its Socialist Party allies, which won power in June elections, have said Diego Garcia is part of Mauritius and called for an end to the Anglo-American agreement.

Diego Garcia is the U.S. Navy's chief port for ships patrolling the Indian Ocean and the Americans have been engaged in a costly project to improve the airfield so big cargo planes and even B-52 bombers can land there.

The new Mauritian government calls the U.S. military presence a threat to regional peace and security and says it wants to keep all the big powers out of the Indian Ocean.

It has said it would take its case for sovereignty to the United Nations and the International Court of Justice at the Hague if the issue is not resolved in talks with London. But London believes it has a strong case for sovereignty based on French cession of the island to Britain in 1814.

U.S. officials said the issue of sovereignty was something for Mauritius and Britain to

### Troops end occupation

## Panama press damaged

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia, Aug. 5 (AP) — Prime Minister Mahathir Muhammad said his government's record on human rights is open for international inspection but it will not be pressured to modify laws which are needed to protect Malaysian society.

He spoke at a news conference Wednesday after talking for 90 minutes with seven lawyers, representing human rights groups from the United States, Britain, France and Japan. The lawyers were also shown Communist guerrilla weapons and subversive literature seized by the government.

The lawyers told Mahathir there was international concern over Malaysia's Internal Security Act under which people can be held without trial and the essential security cases laws under which 66 persons have been given a mandatory death sentence for possession of firearms, explosives and ammunition.

Replies to their appeal to modify or repeal the laws, Mahathir said the laws may appear "harsh" but "they were designed to protect us from Communist subversion and terrorism. They must also consider the rights of our citizens."

Mahathir said dozens of people have been assassinated by the estimated 2,300 guerrillas of the banned Communist Party of Malaya and another 365 persons have lost legs or have been maimed by guerrilla attacks.

Many of these incidents took place in 1974 and 1975 just before the essential security cases laws were passed by the Malaysian Parliament.

Mahathir said Malaysia is not afraid of having its human rights record inspected by anyone and it had given permission for officials from the London-based human rights organization Amnesty International to come to Malaysia later this year to carry out inspections.

There are about 350 persons being held without trial under the Internal Security Act and Mahathir said the government was willing to allow many of these people to be adopted and taken away by any country if the detainees wanted to go and the country wanted to accept them.

He said, however, this offer does not apply to 31 persons waiting in death row as they have already been tried and convicted for possession of fire arms, explosives or ammunition.

Under Malaysian law all firearms, explosives and ammunition must be licensed. The visit of the seven lawyers had drawn protests from various Malaysian groups.

About 250 persons, mainly from the parties forming the ruling National Front coalition government, staged a peaceful one-hour demonstration in front of the downtown hotel where the lawyers are staying. Police stood by as the placard-carrying demonstrators urged the lawyers to "go home" and stop interfering in Malaysia's affairs.

The youth section of the Malaysian Indian Congress, part of the ruling National Front coalition government, said in a statement Wednesday that the government should continue the internal security laws and not give in to foreign pressure.

About 600 members of the 100,000-strong Federation of Malay Students held a noisy, but peaceful demonstration at the Mara Lower College in Kota Bharu, 350 kilometers northeast of here Tuesday.

**N-safeguards need tightening'**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (AP) — The international safeguards system to detect the diversion of nuclear material from power plants to atomic weapons needs to be improved in several areas, some of the top U.S. nuclear experts told Congress Wednesday.

The International Atomic Energy Agency, based in Vienna, has been too slow to put some new monitoring equipment to work and its inspectors need better training, the officials told a house subcommittee. The IAEA, a United Nations agency, safeguards nuclear facilities in nations which invite it. Although most of the witnesses Wednesday praised the system, the IAEA inspection program has been widely criticized in recent months, particularly since the U.S. nuclear regulatory commission told Congress that it couldn't assure IAEA monitoring process would detect any diversion of materials to clandestine weapons programs.

Much of the equipment and technical support used by the IAEA is supplied by the United States, the panel was told. But the IAEA has been too slow, in some cases, to use new equipment, said Herbert Kouts, chairman of the Nuclear Energy Department at Brookhaven National Laboratory. "The movement from test to evaluation to application has been too slow," he told the Subcommittee on Energy Research and Production.

cians and National Guard leaders from the photo library, looted a petty cash box and a soft drink dispenser and smashed two photo composition machines essential to producing the newspaper.

*La Prensa*'s stockholders held a meeting to protest the damage. There was no comment by the government or the National Guard.

Government and Justice Minister Justo Fidel Palacios, a former television news director, announced the end of the newspaper shutdown a day after *La Prensa* won a Supreme Court ruling against the action, which also drew protests by opposition political parties and student demonstrators.

Three other newspapers published editions Wednesday after accepting prior government censorship ordered Tuesday by the National Guard and President Roberto de la Espriella, Royo's vice president and successor.

Palacios said Wednesday there would be no such censorship. He announced a 10-member press advisory committee would be formed to help him draft a code of ethics for newspapers. One of the announced members, Norma Nunez Montoto, secretary of the Panamanian Journalists Union, refused to join the commission, however, saying journalists here already have a code of ethics.

### Single pop records

## Survivor disc retains spot

NEW YORK, Aug. 5 (AP) — "Eye of the Tiger" kept the group Survivor at the top of single pop record charts the United States for the second week in a row.

The Steve Miller Band's "Abracadabra" soared into second place in the *Cashbox* magazine chart, up from fifth a week ago. Fleetwood Mac hopped up one notch to third with "Hold Me."

Last week's No. 2 hit, John Cougar's "Hurt so Good," slipped to fourth, and "Don't You Want me" by the human league toppled from third to sixth.

One newcomer made its way into the ten top pop list — "Even the Nights are Better" by Air Supply, up from 11th to 9th.

Love and its influence was very much evident further down on the charts this week. For Juice Newton, "Love's Been a Little bit Hard on Me" (17th place); for Kenny Rogers, "Love Will Turn you Around" (19th); and for Donna Summer, "Love is in Control" (20th).

As for the country and western singles, "I, Don't Care" by Ricky Skaggs took over the No. 1 spot in the *Cashbox* magazine chart. "Honky Tonkin'" by Hank Williams Junior was second, and "Are the Good Times Really Over" by Merle Haggard was third.

The ten top pop singles, as rated by *Cashbox*, with last week's positions in brackets:

1. (1) Eye of the Tiger — Survivor.

2. (5) Abracadabra — The Steve Miller Band.

3. (4) Hold Me — Fleetwood Mac.

4. (2) Hurts so Good — John Cougar.

5. (9) Hard to Say I'm Sorry — Chicago.

6. (3) Don't you want me — The Human League.

7. (6) Rosanna — Toto.

8. (8) Only the Lonely — The Motels.

9. (11) Even the Nights are Better — Air Supply.

10. (10) Keep the Fire Burnin' — R.E.O. Speedwagon.

The ten top country-western singles, as rated by *Cashbox*, with last week's positions in brackets:

1. (2) — I Don't Care — Ricky Skaggs.

2. (4) Honky Tonkin' — Hank Williams Junior.

3. (3) Are the Good Times Really Over — Merle Haggard.

4. (6) Nobody — Sylvia.

5. (5) Born to Run — Emmylou Harris.

6. (9) I'm Gonna Hire a Wing to Decorate our Home — David Frizzell.

7. (8) Ain't no Money — Rosanne Cash.

8. (10) Fool Hearted Memory — George Strait.

9. (15) Love Will Turn you Around — Kenny Rogers.

10. (14) Women do Know how to Carry On — Waylon Jennings.

## U.K. suspends arthritis drug sale

LONDON, Aug. 5 (R) — The British government Thursday suspended sales of a drug used to treat arthritis after receiving more than 3,500 reports of adverse reactions associated with it, including 61 deaths.

The Department of Health and Social Security said the reports of fatal cases associated with the drug, ophen or benoxaprofen, were mainly among elderly people. The drug, known as oraflex in the United States, is used to treat rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis.

The suspension will last three months, during which the license holder, Lilly Industries, will not be able to promote or supply the drug.

"There is concern about the serious toxic effects of the drug on various organ systems, particularly the gastro-intestinal tract, the liver and bone marrow, in addition to the known effects on skin, eyes and nails," the

Health department said in a statement.

It said its committee on safety of medicines "has received over 3,500 reports of adverse reactions associated with this drug; included among these reports are 61 fatal cases, predominantly in the elderly."

Britain had suspended the product license for the drug immediately on grounds of safety, the department said. A health spokeswoman said the commonest known side-effect of the drug was to make the skin photo-sensitive so that it felt uncomfortable in sunlight and came out in rashes.

Sometimes drug users suffered red and sore eyes or their nails separated from the nail beds, she said.

Wednesday a U.S. congressional panel opened a two-day hearing to question Food and Drug Administration (FDA) officials about agency approval of the drug.

1. (1) Eye of the Tiger — Survivor.

## BRIEFS

YANNINA, Greece, (R) — A strong earth tremor shook northwestern Greece early Thursday, causing panic but no casualties, a police spokesman said. Athens observatory said the tremor registered 4.9 points on the Richter scale and its epicenter was 285 kilometers northwest of Athens.

NANCY, Eastern France, (AFP) — The cardiology center here has opened a "pacemaker" bank which will provide second-hand heart aids free to patients in developing countries. The bank will obtain the pacemakers from former patients, who have either died, bought new ones or no longer need them. They will then be sterilized and reconditioned. Fifty have already been sent to hospitals in Africa, Lebanon and India.

NEW DELHI, (AP) — India has postponed its fourth space shot attempt following the failure of a test involving the launch vehicle, the minister of state for science and technology said Thursday. India successfully

launched its own satellites on its own rockets in 1980 and 1981, although the latter failed to achieve sufficient altitude and fell out of orbit after only two weeks.

WASHINGTON, (R) — President

Reagan will leave Washington on Aug. 11 for a two-week holiday in California, his second

there since early July, the White House said.

NEW DELHI, (R) — At least 10 persons

have been killed in heavy rains and floods in the southern Indian state of Karnataka in the past two days, the Press Trust of India reported.

WASHINGTON, (R) — President

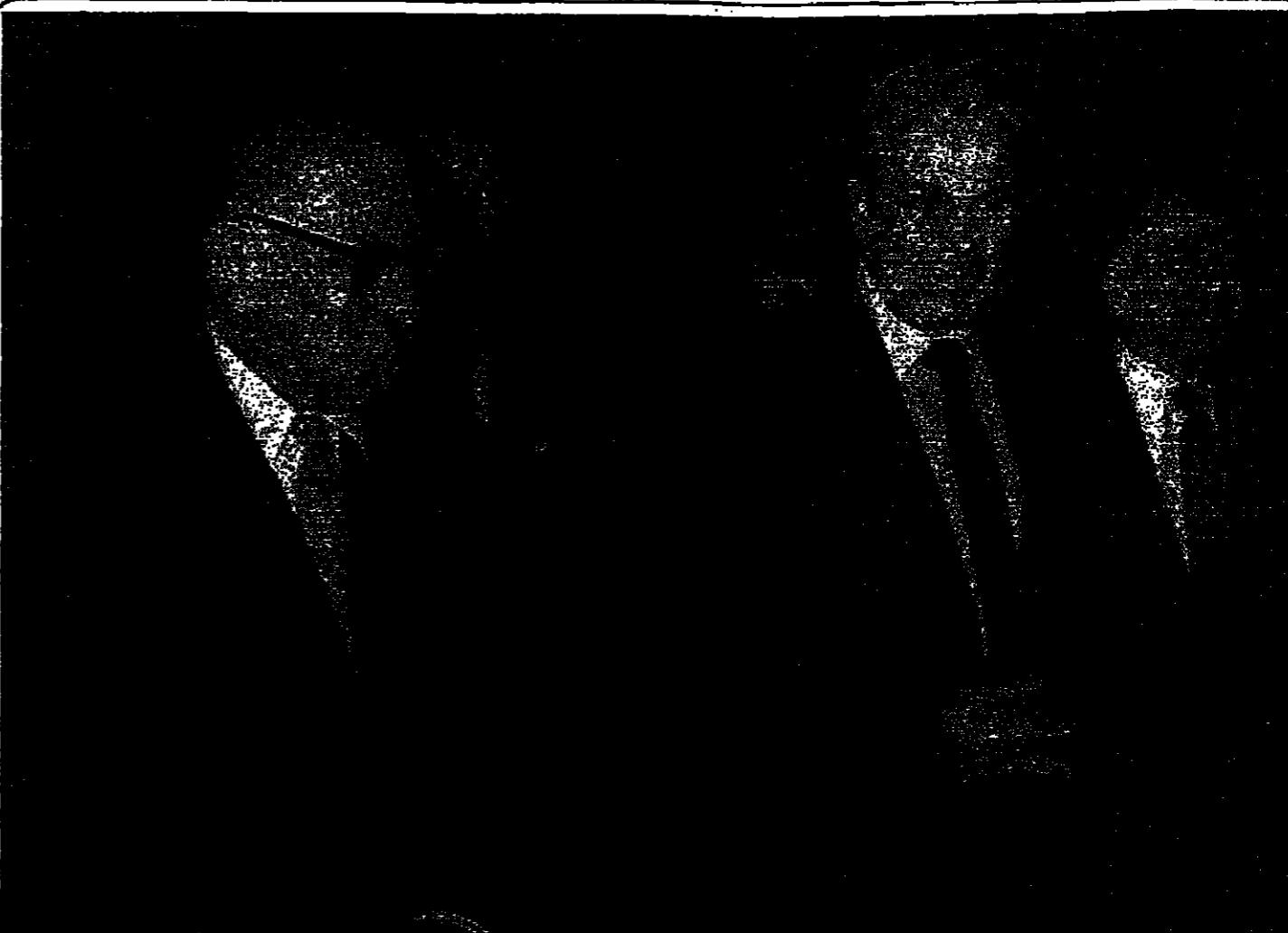
Reagan said Wednesday he would nominate James Rentschler, a member of the National

Security Council staff in the White House, as the new U.S. ambassador to Malta.

Rentschler has served previously with the

U.S. Information Agency (now the International Communications Agency) in several posts in Latin America and Western and

Eastern Europe.



ARRIVAL: U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar arrives Tuesday in Vienna to attend the second world space conference. He came three days ahead to devote part of his time to the Lebanon crisis. Austrian Justice Minister Christian Borda (left) met the U.N. chief executive at the airport. (WPAphotos)

### Authoritative navy journal says

## Soviets plan to construct super sub

LONDON, Aug. 5 (R) — The Soviet Navy's magazine *Morskoi Shorik* (Moscow digest) has forecast the construction of a 23,000-ton submarine capable of 65 knots, twice the speed of current vessels, *Jane's Fighting Ships* said Thursday.

Capt. John Moore, editor of the authoritative review of the world's navies, said the journal did not indicate when it expected such a vessel would be available to the Soviet Navy.

In the foreword to the 1982-3 edition, published Thursday, he said recent evidence that the Soviet Union was studying "new and different" forms of propulsion, ranging from very high capacity batteries through unconventional fuels to the use of cryogenics (freezing techniques) in fuel cells, was probably behind the forecast.

The impact of such a class of submarine would be considerable, Capt. Moore said. The fastest Soviet Alpha-class submarines have a top speed of 42 knots and nuclear

submarines generally average about 32 knots. *Jane's* again draws attention this year to the growing strength of the Soviet Navy, especially its submarine arm.

"In a period of rising tension the deployment abroad of even 50 percent of Soviet nuclear attack submarines could have a disturbing effect on international decision-making," *Jane's* said.

The review noted that the unheralded appearance of a nuclear submarine in a sensitive area at a time of tension "can have important effects."

It described the Soviet fleet as impressive and said current building of new ships would provide formidable reinforcement. "The overall order of battle of the submarines, surface ships and aircraft is most impressive," *Jane's* said. "Apart from its lack of fixed-wing carriers this is a fleet which, in material aspects, has stolen a march on the U.S. Navy."

*Jane's* said the conflict over the Falkland Islands between Britain and Argentina had underlined the fact that modern technology had resulted in a new pattern of naval tactics.

The sinking of the Israeli destroyer *Eilat* on Oct. 21, 1967, by an Egyptian missile craft had started a new era in which small numbers of new ships or planes, if armed with missiles,

could cause a radical shift of naval balance.

On the British loss of the *Sheffield* and *Atlantic Conveyor* to Argentine Exocet missiles, *Jane's* commented: "The failure to provide an adequate counter to sea-skimming missiles, despite several warnings over the last 10 years, had disastrous results for several ships." *Jane's* added that "air power is essential in modern warfare, as has recently been proved in the Falkland Islands."

Critics who said the United States should not spend largest sum on very vulnerable aircraft carriers missed two vital points — "the deterrent effect of three ships and the fact that their suggested vulnerability is far from proved."



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FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1982

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NEW DELHI, Aug. 5 (Depthnews) — Is hockey on its way out of Asia? Yes, seems to be the answer if the humiliating defeats of Asia's hockey giants — India and Pakistan — at the Champions Trophy tournament in Amsterdam are any indication. The six-nation tournament ended June 13 with host country Holland retaining the championship. The Dutch team was undefeated.

Pakistan, the pre-tournament favorite, landed a dismal fourth. The dazzling display the Pakistanis had shown at the World Cup Hockey Tournament in Bombay early this year and in the two internationals played against India at Dubai installed them as the team to beat in Amsterdam.

But the Pakistanis suffered one of their worst drubbings when they lost to the Dutch 7-2. Earlier, Pakistan bowed to India 5-4, after leading 3-0 in the first 16 minutes of play.



HONORED: Former Indian skipper Surjit Singh, who withdrew from the Amsterdam-bound team at the last minute, receives the Inter-Zonal trophy from Buta Singh.

## As Mariners, A's share doubleheader Henderson betters own record

NEW YORK, Aug. 5 (AP) — Rickey Henderson stole three bases to break his own American League record as Oakland and Seattle split a doubleheader Wednesday, the A's capturing the nightcap 8-3 after the Mariners won the first game 5-2.

Henderson stole his 101st base in the first inning of the opener, snapping the record of 100 he set in 1980. He then stole two more bases in the first inning of the nightcap and now has 103 steals on the season, just 15 behind Lou Brock's major-league mark of 118.

Henderson's infield single and steals of second and third keyed a three-run first inning against rookie Rich Bordi, 0-2, in the second game. Tony Armas also hit a solo homer and run-scoring double and Davey Lopes a two-run homer for the A's.

In the opener, Jim Beattie pitched a four-hitter as the Mariners scored all five runs off loser Brian Kingman.

Elsewhere in the AL, Graig Nettles and Oscar Gamble homered to back the four-hit pitching of Ron Guidry and Rich Gossage as the New York Yankees, in their first game under manager Clyde King, defeated the Chicago White Sox 6-2 in the opener of a doubleheader for the 7,000th victory in their history. Britt Burns hurled a two-hitter and Rudy Law and Steve Kemp homered, powering Chicago to a 7-0 victory over the Yankees in the second game.

Dan Petry tossed a four-hitter and Chet Lemon drove in three runs to lift Detroit to a 7-1 victory over Kansas City. Andre Thornton and Mike Hargrove each drove in three

## Corned Asians abdicate supremacy Europeans hold hockey reign through robust midfield play

Zakauddin, Pakistani team manager, blamed injuries to key players and overconfidence as the main factors in the debacle. Both India and Pakistan also said bad umpiring was partially responsible for their setbacks. But this should in no way minimize the Dutch team's performance. As their coach Wim Van Heumen remarked after the match: "We had planned for this vital match (against Pakistan) very meticulously. We knew we had to contain the speedy Pakistani forwards and we concentrated on checking them in their own half. That upset the rhythm of the Pakistani team."

Former Indian Olympic captain Prithipal Singh has attributed India's defeats against Holland (2-5) and Australia (2-7) to lack of experience. "This put the boys out of

stamina toward the fag end of the matches on the astro-turf and inconsistent play, including connecting short-corners."

"These inconsistencies," he said, "will have to go if hockey supremacy is to be re-established" in the subcontinent.

Raj Kumar, member of the Indian Selection Committee, said that India and Pakistan, "being arch enemies" in hockey, concentrated too much on fighting each other and in the process over-exerted themselves. The big margin of the Europeans' victory, he said, "is not a correct assessment of the strength of India and Pakistan."

Even Indian forward Rajinder Singh said after the 7-2 drubbing from Australia in the final game that "we were still feeling the effects of yesterday's match with Pakistan." However, Raj Kumar believes, hockey standards have improved tremendously that it was increasingly difficult for any one country to remain on top "even for a few months."

A former Olympian remarks that since the World Cup, the Europeans have evolved a new strategy which employs robust midfield play and sandwiches the opposing players. He does not believe that the Europeans are craftier and more skillful than Indians and Pakistanis. But he agrees that Europeans have mastery over penalty-corner conversions. And this has certainly given them a decisive edge in the Amsterdam tournament.

Elaborating, he says that while the conversion rate of India and Pakistan is about 20 percent, that of West Germany, Holland and Australia is fabulously above 60 percent.

If India and Pakistan have to regain their past glory, they have to step up their rate of penalty-corner conversion to the European level and also cash in on rebounds," he stresses.

Indeed, India's performance at Amsterdam was way beyond expectations. But they have to do better at the coming Asian Games to be held in New Delhi from Nov. 19 to Dec. 4. India landed third in Amsterdam. Actually, the country tied for second place with Australia. However, the Australians were declared the runner-up with a better goal-average.

At the Bombay World Cup early this year India landed fifth and received subsequent batters at the Asia Cup in Karachi as well as in the two internationals against Pakistan in Dubai.

When they left for Amsterdam, the Indian team consisted of highly-demoralized players. Last-minute withdrawals of some senior players, the dismissal of the coach and manager and the bickerings in the Indian Hockey Federation itself put the team in low key.

According to Balbir Singh, former Olympic captain who managed the Indian team at Amsterdam, "Our performance

was definitely an improvement over those in the World Cup and the Asia Cup." He said despite injuries, his team convincingly defeated the World Cup finalists, Pakistan and West Germany.

Buta Singh, chairman of the Asian Games Special Organizing Committee, said the quality of hockey put up by the Indian team in Amsterdam was, by far, the best.

However, he stressed the need to give the Indian team more competition and intensive, continuous training to prepare them for the coming Asia.

Commenting on India's performance in international competitions in the past few years, the daily *Hindu* in Nagpur said: "We have not been consistent in our play. One day we are on top, while the



OUT OF DANGER: England goalkeeper Taylor rushes out in the nick of time to foil India's Zaffar Iqbal (center) as skipper Francis watches closely during the World Cup Hockey Tournament in Bombay last year.

## Maradona doubtful starter for FIFA All-Star match

NEW YORK, Aug. 5 (AFP) — Diego Maradona is unlikely to play for the Rest of the World team against Europe in an exhibition match at East Rutherford, New Jersey on Saturday.

For the second time in 48 hours former Bayern Munich and West German World Cup winning captain Franz Beckenbauer, who is in charge of the European team, telephoned his compatriot Udo Lattek, now the manager of Maradona's new club Barcelona asking for the Argentine star's release to play in the game.

But Lattek again said he was reluctant to release the world's most expensive player for the match, as Maradona would be risking injury unnecessarily, particularly as he is not used to the type of artificial surface on which

the game will be played.

Lattke promised to give Rest of the World captain Pele a definite answer in the next 24 hours, although it looks increasingly unlikely that Barcelona will risk anything happening to their eight million dollars investment before he has even played a competitive game for the club.

It is expected that the tickets for the match should be sold out by Thursday and Giants Stadium personnel are bracing for the arrival of 600 journalists, television technicians and photographers.

As of Wednesday, more than 70,000 tickets had been sold. A spokesman for the Cosmos of the North American Soccer League, the club handling sales, said all 76,891 seats were expected to be sold by Thursday evening.

Press passes have been issued to 300 writers and radio commentators and an auxiliary outdoor press box was set up.

The following players have accepted invitations to play in the FIFA All-Star match.

**Goalkeepers:** Dino Zoff, Italy; Harald Schumacher, West Germany.

**Defenders:** Franz Beckenbauer, West Germany; Jose Canchado, Spain; Karl-Heinz Forster, West Germany; Rudi Krol, the Netherlands; Bruno Pezzey, Austria; Nejad Stojkovic, Yugoslavia.

**Middlefielders:** Giancarlo Natognoni, Italy; Zbigniew Boniek, Poland; Dominique Rocheteau, France; Michel Platini, France; Johan Neeskens, The Netherlands; Marco Tardelli, Italy.

**Forwards:** Paolo Rossi, Italy; Oleg Blokhin, Soviet Union; Kevin Keegan, England; Pierre Littbarski, West Germany; Karl-Heinz Rummenigge, West Germany.

Coach of the European team is Jupp Derwall of West Germany.

**Goalkeepers:** Julio Cesar Arzu, Honduras; Thomas N'Kono, Cameroon.

**Defenders:** Junior, Brazil; Jaime Duarte, Peru; Oscar, Brazil; Astolfo Romero, Colombia; Ricky Davis, United States.

**Middlefielders:** Lakhdar Belloumi, Algeria; Falcao, Brazil; Zico, Brazil; Socrates, Brazil.

**Forwards:** Faisal Al-Dakhil, Kuwait; Giorgio Chinaglia, United States; Roberto Figueroa, Honduras; Yasuniko Okudera, Japan; Hugo Sanchez, Mexico.

Coach of the Rest of the World is Tele Santana of Brazil.



## George may join Brighton

LONDON, Aug. 5 (AFP) — Charlie George is hoping to make an English First Division comeback with Brighton.

The widely-travelled England international, whose former teams include Arsenal, Derby (twice) and Southampton, and who played with Hong Kong club Bulova last season, is on a month's trial at Brighton and will be playing in the club's pre-season matches, including several in Holland next week.

Brighton manager Mike Bailey said: "Charlie's skill and wide experience can add a lot to our game and he's tremendously keen to get back to top-class football again. If he suits our style, then we shall be signing him."

Meanwhile, by a strange chance of fate Norwich City's first match on their return to the English First Division will be against Manchester City, whose manager John Bond left Norwich suddenly in 1980.

At that time Norwich were heading for relegation and the north-westerners seemed a big, wealthy club to the success-hungry Bond. Now Manchester City are short of money and are fighting to restore morale after the enforced sale of Trevor Francis to Sampdoria of Italy.

Bond left behind him at Norwich his assistant for 12 years previously, Brown who might have been expected to join him on the trip north. "I always had an understanding with John that we part company if he did not want me," Brown said. "But I was upset by the manner in which it was done."

The Yorkshire seam bowlers relished the humid conditions at Headingley, capturing nine wickets for only 51 runs before Stuart Turner and Ray East put on a competition record 81 runs for the last wicket.

Yorkshire though had no trouble knocking off the required runs for the loss of only one wicket, after a thunderstorm had held up play for 80 minutes, with opener Martin Moxon winning the man-of-the-match award with a fine 78 not out.

Middlesex, leaders in the County Championship, scrapped home by three runs against Gloucestershire when eight runs off the last over proved too much for tailenders David Graveney and John Childs.

At Southampton former England medium pacer Robin Jackman took six for 22 as Hampshire tumbled to 119 all out, then David Smith saw Surrey home with a confident unbeaten 62.

A stylish and confident performance in the final restored The Netherlands to fourth

place, which had been held briefly by Britain during the morning's free-routines elimination round. With a final score of 98.20 for an astonishingly high degree of control and imagination, Canada won the event at 188.258 points. This was more than six points higher than the U.S. gained in the last championships, where Canada managed only the bronze. The U.S. team scored 186.833 on aggregate, while Japan had 182.050. The Netherlands 172.689 and Britain 172.689.

The Soviet Union, meanwhile, seemed firm favorites to win the water polo gold medal after a convincing 11-8 victory over West Germany.

Hungary, also qualifying with an unbeaten record, set the stage for a classic confrontation in the final round with a 7-6 victory over

West Germany.

Goalkeeper Yevleny Sharonov was in superb form and several of the German goals were messy affairs which barely skidded across his goalline.

## Coe qualifies

NOTTINGHAM, Aug. 5 (R) — Olympic champion Sebastian Coe of Britain made a secret comeback after injury Wednesday night and qualified to run the 800 meters at next month's European Athletics Championships.

But one confirmed report said that Coe would not risk competing in the 1,500 meters, the event he won at the 1980 Olympics in Athens. Coe, who holds the 800 meters, mile and 1,000 meters, world records, won a specially organized 800 meters race here in one minute 46.5 seconds — half a second inside the European qualifying time.

Coe's return after a six-week absence following an injury was watched by fewer than 100 fellow athletes and coaches. The race was arranged at the last minute as part of a coaching course with the organizers taking the necessary measures to make it an official event.

following day we fail to keep top form. It is this lack of consistency which worries millions of our countrymen, who expect top class hockey from our teams."

The *Hindu* suggested that the Indian Hockey Federation select teams for international competitions on the basis of merit alone, and that these be handled by competent and knowledgeable officials.

As former Indian captain Surjeet Singh, who withdrew from the Amsterdam-bound team at the last moment, lamented: "Our hockey players are not given even the minimum of importance, encouragement and facilities." He claimed he was even consulted in the selection of the team.

Needless to say, Indian hockey players do not get the desired attention. Except for those engaged in elite games like cricket and tennis, most Indian sportsmen today cannot make provisions for a rainy day, which soon overtakes them.

## WORLD OF SPORT

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IN 18 YEARS AS A PROFESSIONAL BOXER MUHAMMAD ALI IS SAID TO HAVE EARNED 66 MILLION DOLLARS — MAKING HIM THE WORLD'S RICHEST SPORTSMAN.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 5 (AP) — Defending champion Jose-Luis Clerc of Argentina broke Sweden's Anders Jarryd five times in recording a fluent 6-2, 6-2 victory Wednesday in the rain-delayed U.S. clay court tennis tournament.

But unheralded Angel Gimenez of Spain engineered the latest in a string of men's upset, beating fourth-seeded Peter McNamara of Australia 7-5, 6-3.

In women's play, top-seeded Virginia Ruzici of Romania struggled to a three-set third round victory over Argentina's Ivanna Madrigal-Osset, the 10th seed. Ruzici, the runner-up to Andrea Jaeger in last year's final, fell behind 4-1 in the first set, but then rallied to beat Madrigal-Osset 6-4, 6-2.

In other women's matches, second-seeded Kathy Rinaldi beat No. 9 Catherine Tazvizer of France, 6-4, 6-0. 13th-seeded Susan Mascaurin, who will play Rinaldi on Thursday, beat France's Corinne Vanier 6-0, 7-6.



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## THEORETICAL SANCTIONS

While Beirut lay burning with hundreds of casualties falling under the fiercest attack so far, President Reagan convened his Crisis Management Council and left his vice president to deal with the problem. He talked vaguely of "theoretical sanctions" against Israel and the matter ended at that.

Hearing of this grave threat of "theoretical sanctions", Begin rightly treated it with the contempt it deserved. He said he could not care two hoots for the threatened theoretical sanctions and that he and his co-murderers would not bow to anybody.

The U.S. has been giving Israel, free of charge, all the weapons and ammunition needed not only to conquer Lebanon but to overrun any other Arab country that cared for a fight. Israel has stockpiles of American-made weaponry to last months of active and continuous warfare at any level. Reagan knows this quite well and he must have known that his threat of theoretical sanctions would ring so hollow as to be nothing but an insult to the intelligence of the Arab world who see their own folks being slaughtered every hour of the day and night.

Reagan's theoretical sanctions were a powerful exhibition of American impotence in the face of Israel which is applying America's military technology on the innocent civilians trapped in West Beirut. He was so scared of angering Israel and its lackeys in Washington and the press that he did not dare even refer to the possibility of some real action to make Begin and his clique stop and ponder the result of defying the U.S.

But of course, the poor Palestinians and the rest of the Arab world are not worth the risk of displeasing the neo-Nazis in Tel Aviv. Total American wrath should be reserved for the Polish government for the imposition of emergency and the ban on abortion.

The Palestinians are being struck down with 50 American bombs a minute - that is nearly one per second. What has the Polish government actually done?

## Saudi Arabian press review

Thursday's newspapers called for a joint Islamic-Arab move to foil Israeli attempts to "annex more Arab land."

*Otak* said the Muslim World League (MWL) Constituent Council's current session in Makkah came in the framework of intensive efforts to consolidate Arab and Islamic ranks to confront "the Zionist arrogance and vicious conspiracies against innocent people in Lebanon."

The paper referred to King Fahd's call on Muslims to forge unity so as to put an end to the Zionists' unlimited ambitions. It noted that the Palestinian question was not only an Arab issue but also an Islamic one which "required effective moves to strengthen Islamic ranks and achieve victory over the enemy." *Al-Bilad* said the current situation in West Beirut could not withstand any delay on the part of the Arab nation to unite and initiate effective moves. The paper noted that only a strong Islamic-Arab move could "repulse the recurrent Zionist aggression."

*Al-Yom* said the Arabs were looking forward to a quick and effective move to "confront the Zionist aggression which

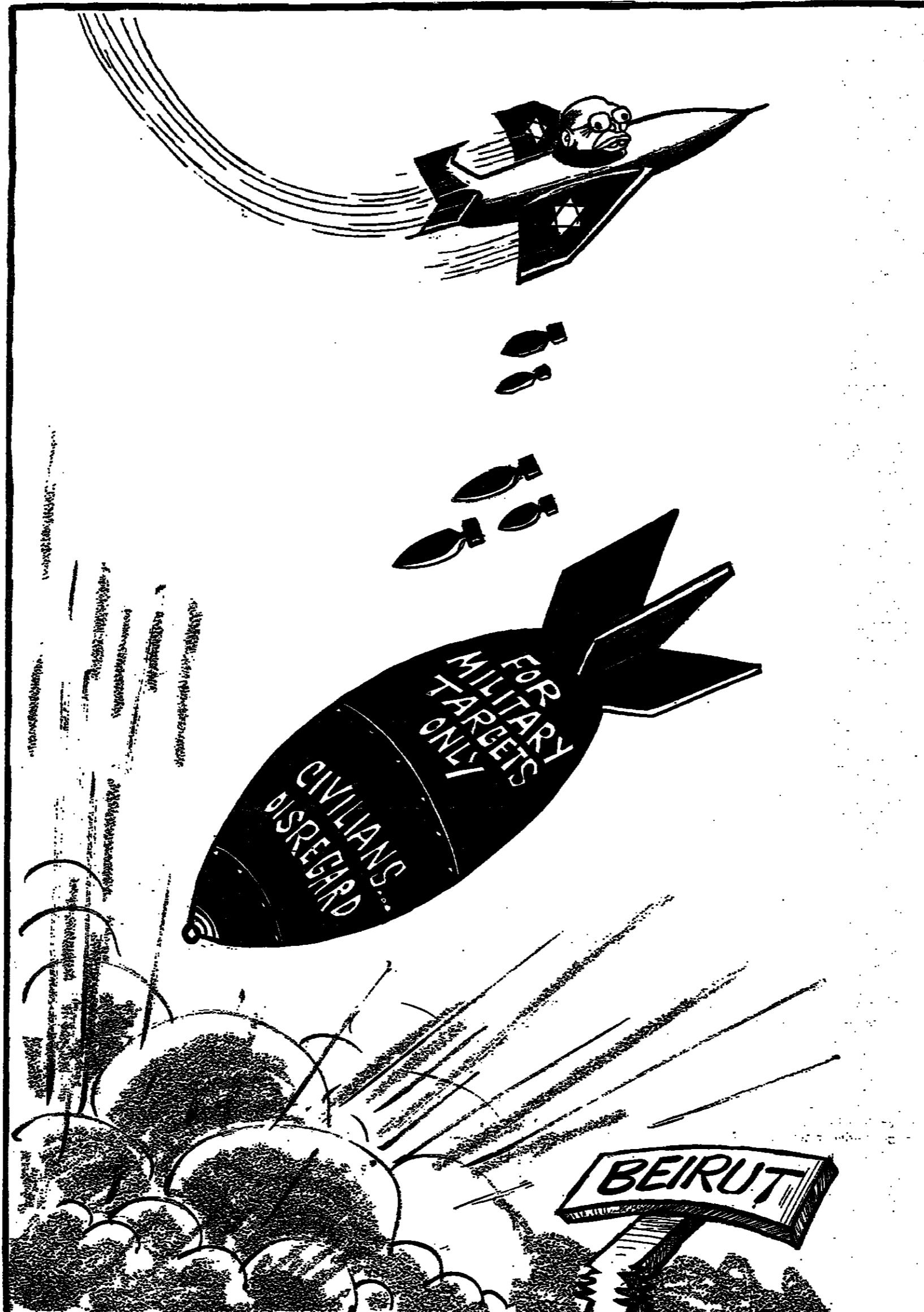
threatens the Arab nation's existence." The paper urged the Arabs to resolve their marginal differences and translate into action the call of King Fahd and the North and South Yemeni presidents for Islamic unity so as to face the enemy's challenges in Lebanon.

*Al-Jazirah* said the Beirut battle in reality was the first step for the Palestinian people's "decisive phase of struggle to recover their rights."

"The Israelis were mistaken if they thought they could annihilate the Palestinians because the Israelis would never be able to escape punishment by the Palestinian people," the paper wrote.

*Al-Nadwa* hailed the Palestinian fighters' heroic stand in Beirut and described it as a "source of pride for the Arab nation." The paper noted that the Palestinians would prefer to "die for their cause rather than surrender."

*Al-Madinah* called on the U.S. administration to use its influence in putting an end to the Israeli barbaric raids on West Beirut. The paper stressed that the U.S. was the only country which could influence Israel. (SPA)



## Israel losing media propaganda battle in U.S.

By Catherine Raisa  
Washington Bureau

### WASHINGTON —

This time Israel is getting beaten in its own game of media propaganda. Its propaganda ploy that Israel is "cleaning up" Lebanon for the Lebanese is already backfiring by the political realities in the area. Israel faces a public relations disaster that may undermine any military victories the Zionist state may gain in its war in Lebanon. Israel may end up the bad guy of the Mideast.

Bloodshed, military aggression, and the humiliating embarrassment in Washington caused by the Israeli invasion of Lebanon are just too hard to swallow for many Americans. Israel's war has been brought on the television screens in American homes where recurring pictures of wounded and dead civilians from American supplied weapons appear. Americans can't help but question Israel's true objectives when they are constantly reminded that the Israeli military is censoring their news.

When Israel refused to transmit ABC-TV's interview with the Chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organization Yasser Arafat in June by its satellite (Lebanon's had been knocked out), Israeli secrecy in Lebanon became even more apparent. Two other major American broadcasting networks, CBS and NBC, protested Israeli censorship by showing a blank television screen for the amount of seconds Israel cut from their film footages of Lebanon. Episodes like these are no doubt causing Americans to redefine what Israel means to them today.

Israel is aware it must protect its image in the United States. Because Israel cannot realistically speak out in support of more killing and bloodshed in Lebanon, it has concentrated its media attacks on preventing pro-Arab voices to speak out against the invasion.

For example, Executive Director of the National Association of Arab-Americans David Sadd was asked last week by two local Washington television news shows to speak on the Lebanon situation. After all the details were arranged, the NAAA office here received two phone calls from persons claiming they represented the TV stations canceling Sadd's appearance. Both TV stations denied they canceled the interview and admitted "something extremely mysterious was going on." NAAA believes the phone calls were made by pro-Israeli persons here.

Israeli propagandists are also trying to promote radio and television time for Lebanese Americans in support of the Israeli invasion to wipe out the PLO. A well-informed source said the the Israeli Embassy here had called the nationwide news show, "The MacNeil-Lehman Report, to urge the show to interview Robert Baisel of the American

Lebanese League — the American counterpart of Bashir Gemayel's Phalangist Party in Lebanon.

Israel has also launched a campaign in the American press to dispute the casualty figures coming out of Lebanon to allay American fears that thousands are being killed. Anti-Israel full-page ads in major American newspapers citing casualty figures and using the names of relief organizations working in Lebanon have been the subject of much dispute. One ad in particular signed by "Concerned American for Peace," an organization of which no trace has been found, has come under considerable Israeli attack to discredit the ad.

However, nationally read American columnist Mary McGrory summed up the situation when she wrote on June 20 in *The Washington Post*: "Please don't tell us [Prime Minister Begin] that the figures given by the Lebanese of 9,000 civilians dead are exaggerated. Please don't tell us that you know that there are considerably fewer than 300,000 homeless people. In the first place, how do you know? In the second, it is already too many."

Israel's lies are bound to catch up. Already, its claim to the United States that Israeli forces have successfully "cleansed" southern Lebanon of the PLO is faltering. Much to Israel's chagrin, credible newspaper accounts are describing the growing animosity between Israeli surrogate forces under Maj. Sadd Haddad and the Shiite community in South Lebanon. Reports say that some Lebanese are harboring PLO commandos to fight along with the Shites against Haddad's militia.

Early last month, a Pentagon source in the Mideast section had told *Arab News*... that removing all PLO military apparatus in South Lebanon would not be as easy as the Israelis say. The Israeli "mopping up" mission hailed in the press during the initial days of the invasion will soon be undermined by the real internal problems of Lebanon.

The disappearance of Israeli Maj. Gen. Rafael Eytan after July 8 when the Voice of Palestine radio broadcast he was wounded at the Beirut airport front has been carefully avoided by Israel. Eytan, who was liberally quoted in the press before July 8, has not been mentioned since. Observers believe Israel is silencing the news to avoid demoralizing Israeli troops surrounding West Beirut.

At the beginning of the invasion in early June, Israel had managed to control the Western media to report only on the military aspects of the war. Americans read about the superiority of U.S. weapons over Soviet weapons and applauded the Israeli "victory." Soviet expert Dimitri Simes from the Johns Hopkins School of Advanced International Studies here later said that these Soviet weapons were of "World War II vintage" and usually were of the less sophisticated export Soviet model. His statement at a public forum here last week put an end to Israeli cheerleading on the

superiority of U.S. weaponry over that of the Soviets.

A week and a half after the invasion started, distinguished Palestinian American Edward Said of Columbia University appeared on a morning news show here and urged the press to look into the humanitarian aspects of the war which had been ignored. The Arab Women's Council here began nightly vigils in front of the White House dressed in black holding candles in memory of the dead in Lebanon. Finally, news of the massacres in Lebanon surfaced in the U.S. media.

This set the stage for a U.S. government inquiry into the use of American supplied weapons by Israel, specifically the use of the deadly cluster bombs. Government offices were badgered by telephone calls from across the United States condemning the use of American weapons killing civilians and President Reagan formally stopped shipments of more cluster bombs to Israel. This represented a clear defeat for proponents of the Israeli invasion.

Israel has not given up in the media propaganda war here. Along with its campaign to dispute casualty statistics, Israel is inviting certain journalists and U.S. congressmen to tour Lebanon accompanied by Israeli troops. For example, Martin Peretz, editor and chief of the neoconservative and strongly pro-Israel magazine *The New Republic*, was invited to visit Sidon and Tyre where civilian death tolls were reported to be the highest. In his latest article, Peretz criticizes the American press for quoting such high casualty statistics and claimed that Israel was taking much care in avoiding killing civilians.

Israel is inviting the press to South Lebanon now after it has had time to clean up some of the destruction. James Zogby, executive director of the American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee here, said on Capitol Hill last week that he feared that Israel's bulldozing of the Palestinian camps with lime would permanently prohibit finding out the real death toll.

Testimony on Capitol Hill by Western doctors working in the Palestine Red Crescent hospital in the Ain el-Helwa Palestinian camp outside of Sidon described how the entire camp was destroyed including the hospital. Canadian Dr. Chris Giannou, taken prisoner by the Israelis along with two other Norwegian medical personnel, recounted his horror at seeing "suffering and death on so massive a scale" before a congressional hearing.

The Arab-Israeli battle to win American public opinion continues. With the current U.S. priority of getting the PLO commandos out of West Beirut, there has been less focus on the human drama in the Israeli siege on Lebanon. But as it becomes more apparent that not even the mighty Israeli sword can solve the complex problems of Lebanon, Israel will be forced to bear the bad guy image of the Mideast as soon as the U.S. media catches on.

## Letters to the editor

### On "Gang leader" letter

Dear sir,

I have read with interest Mr. Ashfaque A. Dalvi's letter headlined "Gang leader" in your issue of July 12, 1982.

He says, "Gang leader and the gang destroy the ranch, kill its inhabitants and (while securing their loot) there comes the sheriff and lawmen to destroy them. But where is his sheriff and the lawmen?"

Let me tip him. In Jules Verne's novel of *War of the Worlds*, the marauding invaders from Mars, defying morality and all norms of celestial behavior, invade the earth, belching death and destruction in their terrifying war path. Their terrible war-making machinery being indestructible, helps them emerge unchallenged conquerors of the earth now turned smouldering rubble and ash.

Like Dalvi's "Gang leader," they face no sheriff nor lawmen.

But then the invisible supreme sheriff administers his justice. His "lawmen," the friendly human bacteria, deadly to the invaders, exterminate them unexpectedly and their monstrous war making machines tumble down to earth helplessly.

Dalvi's story the supreme sheriff doesn't act yet. But if the community of the "Gang leader" is fully informed of his horrors and atrocities by an unbiased media, they surely will indict this beast of terror and death and also disown and deprive his gang of its power destruction.

Now Dalvi may roll up his sleeves to find an unbiased media.

Faithfully yours,  
Taimoor Shah Bokhari  
P.O. Box 2099  
Damman

### Economic embargo

Sir,

Continuing demands for the Zionist withdrawal from Lebanon, pleas for assistance for the Palestinians, and calls for Arab unity will continue to be ineffective without positive and immediate action. Arab delegates appealing to the permanent members of the U.N. Security Council will likely achieve limited results.

One course of action that would quickly result in the downfall of the Begin government would be a complete termination of all economic assistance to Israel. This could not be immediately implemented due to the large U.S. donations required to support the bankrupt Israeli economy.

However, if all nations which are now only condemning Israel would begin complying with the Arab embargo against all firms, ships and commercial organizations doing business with Israel, the worldwide impact would have a gradual but definite effect, and the reasonable Jews of Israel would no longer tolerate the Begin regime.

I recommend that the Arab states redirect their strategy toward a worldwide appeal for all nations which support the Palestinians and Arabs with rhetoric to join in this economic embargo which the U.S. will be unable to veto.

Bobby D. Howard  
MSDS, Box 524  
Dhahran Airport  
Saudi Arabia

### Postal stamps

Dear sir,

More free availability of postal stamps in the post offices will certainly be helpful and advantageous. As it is now, one has to line up in long queues for mailing a letter.

If stamps are made freely available and a tariff of minimum postal charges to different countries in the world is posted on post office notice boards, the public can avoid spending long hours in the post office. This will certainly ease the pressure on post offices. Also it would be helpful if multi-language personnel man the post offices.

Sincerely yours  
David V. Theratil  
P.O. Box 285  
Dhahran Airport  
Saudi Arabia

### On lost letters

Sir, Some letters contain important messages and documents. If such letters are lost in transit what problems befall the addressees is unimaginable.

Some letters are sometimes delivered to the wrong post box numbers where they remain for days and then finally destroyed.

It will be an appreciable service if such letters are redirected to the right post box numbers. This practice will also help the postal authorities who are already tackling an ever-increasing pressure on the postal service.

Yours

FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1982

## arab news Features

**Individual responsibility**

By Adil Salahi

An important factor in the implementation of the Islamic code of living is the link Islam tries to establish and strengthen between the Muslim individual and Allah. It soon becomes the dominating relation in the shaping of the life of the Muslim person while all other relations are reduced to a secondary position.

This relation provides the Muslim man or woman with a keen sense of purpose which influences all his actions and determines his attitudes and shapes his outlook. The purpose is to win the pleasure of Allah, which is the highest prize to which a man may aspire.

Thus a Muslim always tries to evaluate any action he is about to take in order to determine how far it fits with his overall purpose. If he feels that his action brings him a step nearer toward reaching his all important goal then he proceeds with it, even if he has to encounter some difficulty. If, on the other hand, he feels that his proposed action takes him away from his goal then he leaves it aside, even if that involves the resistance of temptation.

This process remains within the levels of the individual although it has a considerable social influence. It is the individual who is the unit of the society and it is impossible to bring about any significant change in the set-up of any society without changing first the outlook of the individuals in that society. Besides, Islam has always been practiced and implemented by individuals, although there have been periods of time when no society could have accurately been described as Islamic.

Islam, is in the first place, a religion of men. Every individual is responsible for himself or herself. No one is accountable for the actions or omission of others: "Whatever any human being commits rests upon himself alone. No bearer of burdens shall be made to bear another's burden." (6:164) This basic principle

of personal accountability for one's own actions and omissions occurs in the same wording not less than five times in the Qur'an. The repetition is intentional. Indeed nothing in the Qur'an occurs by coincidence. Allah does not speak in a casual way. Hence, the repetition serves to stress the categorical rejection by Islam of all doctrines of "original sin" and "vicarious atonement" as well as any possibility of "mediation" by any prophet or saint between the sinner and Allah. The Qur'an states: "Every human being will be held in pledge for whatever he has done." (74: 38)

This basic Islamic doctrine of individual accountability creates within every one of us what we may term as a "conscience of faith" which remains keenly active throughout one's life and helps us evaluate our actions before we do them. Actions, incidentally, include in the Islamic sense deliberate omissions as well as the deliberate voicing of beliefs. This means in effect everything one consciously aims at and expresses by word or deed.

The Qur'anic description of man as a "bearer of a burden" is also significant. The burden here means one's actions. They, or rather their effects, remain with him until he is brought to account. He is judged on the basis of his actions. If he has done well he has nothing to fear. If he has done otherwise then no one can be of any help to him unless Allah, by His grace, decides to pardon him.

I have mentioned earlier that this link between the individual and Allah has a considerable social influence. As every Muslim is keenly aware that he alone can save himself in the hereafter he is obviously keen to live in a society which helps keep him on the right track. Thus everyone in an Islamic society is a guard watching the direction in which that society moves. If at any point the society drifts there will be many who point out the error and work for its correction.

**Islam in perspective****What the Qur'an teaches**

*In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful  
Have you considered him who turns away (from the truth), and gives so little,  
and so grudgingly? Does he have knowledge of what is beyond the reach of human  
perception, so that he can see it clearly? Has he not been told of what was said in  
the revelations of Moses, and of Abraham who was true to his trust that no bearer  
of burdens shall be made to bear another's burden; and that nothing shall be  
credited to man save that which he strives for, and that in time his labors shall be  
scrutinized whereupon he shall be required for them with the fullest requital.  
(The Sur. 53; 33 - 41)*

**Our Dialogue****Inheritance of grandchildren**

*Q. It has been the practice in certain countries that should a man survive one of his sons the children of the deceased son cannot share in the inheritance of their grandfather. Is this in accordance with Islamic law?*

Sayed Ahmad Khan  
P.O. Box 2167  
Makkah

A. The case has been as you describe in many countries. Grandchildren, including grandsons, could not have a share in their grandfather's wealth unless he has no sons at the time of his death. This means that they cannot inherit alongside their uncle(s). If the grandfather has one or more daughters then his grandchildren by his deceased son or daughter inherit the share of their father had been alive, provided that it is not in excess of one-third of the grandfather's wealth.

The Egyptian law has been amended in order to allow the grandchildren by a deceased parent to share in the inheritance of their grandfather alongside their uncle or uncles. This principle is outlined by Imam Ibn Hazm who advocates such sharing of the inheritance on this basis.

Obviously, the compulsory will must not exceed one-third of the deceased grandfather's wealth. In other words, it is the lesser of two sums: one-third of the wealth or the deceased parent's share.

**Spoiled ablution during prayers**

*Q. If one is in the front row of a congregational prayer (Jama'ah) and his ablution (wudu) is spoilt, what should he do?*

Syed Arifuddin  
P.O. Box 431  
Dhahran Airport

A. He simply leaves the congregational prayer to make a fresh ablution and rejoins the prayer. He may pretend that he has blood in his nose if he feels embarrassed to leave the prayer. He simply may not continue praying and should not pretend to do so.

If this happens to the imam he also leaves the prayer. The imam, however, should take anyone from the front row and ask him by signal, to deputize for him. The new imam proceeds with the prayer from that point to the end. Neither he nor anyone else start afresh except, of course, the person whose ablution was spoiled.

The companions of the Prophet at Badr were a little worried when they realized that the enemy forces were at least three times as big as their own, let alone their far superior equipment. But Allah was on their side. Suddenly they all fell asleep. When they woke up a little while later their worry had gone altogether. It was replaced by a feeling of reassurance. Their sleep served as a means of a complete transformation of their morale. Their confidence was sky-high after they woke up. This is recorded in the Qur'an: "He made slumber fall upon you as a reassurance from Him." (9; 11) After their reassurance the Muslims were eagerly awaiting the start of the battle.

Back in the unbelievers' camp Utbah's attempt to persuade the Makkan to go back met with complete failure. Abu Jahl was a master in arousing passions and spreading a highly tense atmosphere. We have seen last week what he did to ensure that the resolve of the Makkan to have a military showdown did not weaken. He further caused a word to go around that Utbah had adopted that reconciliatory attitude toward the Muslims because he feared for the life of his son Abu Haisah who was in the Muslim army. He further accused him of being cowardly. Utbah felt deeply hurt with all these malicious accusations to which he was subjected by Abu Jahl and he wanted to show how untrue they were. Utbah, therefore, came out of the ranks of the Quraish army accompanied by his brother Shaibah, and his son, Al-Waleed, and challenged the Muslims to a six-man duel.

The Quraish army had already started to move when Utbah, his brother and his son made their personal move. As the army moved one of its number with the name of Al-Aswad ibn Abdellah of the Makhzoom clan sprang out of the ranks saying: "I pledge to God to drink from their reservoir or I will

pull it down or I will die in my attempt." Hamzah ibn Abdulmatalib, the Prophet's uncle, met him with a strike by his sword chopping off his leg. Al-Aswad, however, continued to crawl toward the reservoir and Hamzah followed him until he killed him at the reservoir. Thus Al-Aswad was the first casualty of that battle.

The Muslim army was very well organized. The Prophet himself had supervised its deployment. He addressed his companions stressing the importance of putting up a determined fight. He then said to them: "Do not move forward until I have given you the order. When they approach try to repel them by your arrows. Do not draw out your swords until they have reached you." He then went into the shed which was built for him. Sa'd ibn Mu'ath and a group of the Ansar stood by the shed, with swords in hand, to guard the Prophet against any attack by the unbelievers.

Utbah, his brother and his son made their challenge, saying: "Muhammad, let our equals come out for a duel." The Prophet sent out three of his own relatives: his uncle, Hamzah and his two cousins Ali ibn Abu Talib and Ubaidah ibn Al-Harith. The three duels were: Ubaidah v. Utbah, Hamzah v. Shaibah and Ali v. Al-Waleed. In no time both Hamzah and Ali were able to kill their two opponents while Utbah and Ubaidah struck each other at the same time. Both fell to the ground. Ali and Hamzah then made sure that Utbah was killed, both striking him with their swords, and they carried Ubaidah with them to the Prophet who laid his head on his leg which was cut off. The marrow of his bone was spilling. The Prophet gave him the happy tidings that he was about to be the first martyr of Badr.

After these duels the battle raged fiercely.

*(To be continued next Friday)*

**Priority for Lebanon relief****American Near East Refugee Aid crash program**By Grace Halsell  
Washington Bureau

*Q. What is the number one priority in ANERA's present operations?*

A. Our No. 1 priority right now is relief for Lebanon. From the first day of Israel's invasion, we plunged into a crash program to raise funds in the United States. This involved advertising in the media, especially in publications aimed at Arab Americans, and also making contacts with U.S. corporations that might provide supplies and cash. We asked about 300 corporations for money donations, and we approached a number of pharmaceutical companies, asking that they provide drugs and medicines.

We collected life-saving drugs valued at over \$300,000 for shipment to hospitals and clinics in Lebanon. We received the medical supplies from major pharmaceutical manufacturers such as Pfizer, Wyeth, Lederle, Eli Lilly, Upjohn and Squibb. The donations include several kinds of antibiotics, painkillers, and anti-inflammatory drugs to reduce swelling of wounded tissue — all of which are desperately needed by hospitals and clinics trying to treat the tens of thousands of men, women and children injured during the Israeli invasion of Lebanon that began on June 6.

*Q. Are you getting the medical supplies through?*

A. We got one shipment through just a few days before the war. This shipment included about \$50,000 worth of material — mostly anti-biotics. The supplies were delivered to Beirut by air freight, a service partially donated by Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airlines. We have other medical supplies sitting in this Washington office, waiting to go out. We're working with a group called Operation California, best known for its earlier emergency airlifts to Kampuchea and Poland. They are proposing to fly an airplane load of supplies out the moment the Beirut airport opens.

Peter A. Gubser, a native of Tulsa, Oklahoma, learned to speak with Arabs in their native language when, as he puts it, he was a college student on summer vacation. "Hitchhiking around the Middle East," after graduating from Yale and getting his M.A. in Middle East studies from the American University of Beirut, he spent a year in a small Jordanian town researching its politics and modernization, a project that led to a thesis and to a Ph.D. in social studies from Oxford University. Later he researched the political structure and dynamics of Zahleh, Lebanon. For three years he was with the Ford Foundation as a social science project specialist, serving in Beirut and in Amman, where he was the Foundation's local representative. Gubser has written extensively on the Middle East, and has a book dealing with Jordan to be published this fall. In 1977 he became president of American Near East Refugee Aid (ANERA). The interview that follows was conducted in his Washington, D.C., offices.

*Q. How much in the way of supplies is getting in now?*

A. Basically very little is getting into West Beirut. We are not getting in anything now. We are considering sending the supplies to Damascus, to the Palestine Red Crescent there, so that they can then move the shipment into Beirut the moment a land route opens up. We will use whatever route opens up — land, sea or air.

The International Committee of the Red Cross as well as UNRWA have gotten some supplies through, from Israel. Also, another organization, called World Food Program, and UNICEF. UNICEF was the first international group to get relief shipments through the Israeli blockade of West Beirut.

*Q. This war has been called "Begin's holocaust in Lebanon." Is this one of the biggest disasters of the decade?*

A. Yes, certainly in the Middle East it is. The '73 war was big, also. For Lebanon this is the biggest disaster, ever. There is no doubt about it. The Lebanese government tells us there are 14,000 dead and 55,000 wounded. I think that is a conservative, realistic estimate. They also tell us that 1.5 million need assistance of one form or another. That is a lot of needy people! We are talking about a country of only three million, so half of the people are needing assistance. It means that from West Beirut south, it's all been devastated.

There are two harsh questions to which we

do not have answers. First, what is happening to the prisoners? After one entire month, no one has gotten to see the prisoners, and take down their names, and provide information about them to their families, and to the public at large. You hear reports that the prisoners are being brutally beaten, and killed. This rounding them up into camps on one can visit goes against all the basic "rules of war" and international agreements.

The two most important groups who should see the prisoners are Amnesty International and the International Committee of the Red Cross. The Red Cross is officially dedicated, and so recognized by all nations, as the main organization to go look after prisoners. The American Friends Service Committee also has made a big issue of the treatment of Palestinian prisoners by the Israelis, and I think rightly so. It is very important.

But the Israelis allow no one to go into see the prisoners. I should qualify it, to a small extent. A few persons have been able to talk to a handful of prisoners. However, it is so minimal.

In New York, an Israeli official, Nafat Lavie, Israel's consul general, has said that many of the 5,800 Palestinians taken prisoners by the Israeli army in Lebanon would be tried as criminals. He said, "Those who will be found guilty will be sentenced. They are criminals." The Palestinians captured by the Israelis, Lavie said, would not be tried as prisoners of war because the Palestine Liberation Organization did "not act as an army."

He would not give any other details of the trials nor say when they would start.

The second point: the Israeli military authorities have not allowed the provision of tents for shelter in south Lebanon. There are at least 150,000 to 250,000 civilian men, women and children without shelter. The tents are sitting in ports ready to be sent to the people in Lebanon. They are sitting in ports in Italy, Guam, Singapore and Panama. Two thousand tents in each of these ports.

*Q. The Israelis do not allow the tents to go into Lebanon?*

A. That's right. The Israeli military are not allowing them to go in. And that's wrong.

*Q. Who donated those tents?*

A. The U.S. government. I am amazed. Why do we allow that to happen?

*Q. How is your operation different from other relief agencies, such as the Red Cross?*

A. We are trying to help fill in the gaps. The big international relief agencies are in there, and we will be backing up their efforts by working with indigenous relief institutions, such as the Lebanese Red Cross and Red Crescent, with which ANERA has long had close working relationships.

When you are talking about a disaster of this magnitude you are talking about trying to provide aid in two or three categories. The first is to get supplies in to people that will sustain life, and this is the work of the big organizations that have airplanes. We do that. We will go in and try to supply certain items quickly. The big organizations can very easily get donations of massive quantities of milk and flour for example, but it is difficult for them to get cash. And sometimes they do not have money on hand to meet emergency needs, such as having cash on hand to buy generators.

We made a \$25,000 grant of cash to UNRWA for the purchase of generators for the destroyed camps. With our cash donations, they were able to ship out seven of these generators in mid-July. These generators will provide electricity for a clinic. So we are able to go in and help out on items like that.

*Q. When was ANERA formed?*

A. It was formed in 1968, as a response to the 1967 war. Originally it focused on refugees in the West Bank and Gaza — and on vocational training for them. In the mid-70s, we broadened out considerably and got into economic development, and have been fairly heavy in economic development in the West Bank and Gaza. So we try to do more than just provide relief, but also to create jobs and enhance incomes. For instance, we provide capital and expertise to cooperatives to help them improve land for farming. We support municipal governments in the expansion of municipally-owned industries. And we give assistance to vocational institutions and to literacy programs. We are assisting a soap factory, a chicken-feed mill, and a seedling nursery for olive trees. To finance this help, ANERA spent \$1.4 million last year. ANERA could have spent quite a bit more on the West Bank last year if the Israeli authorities had been quicker to approve suggested projects.

*Q. Where do you get your money?*

A. We get money from the U.S. government through the Agency for International Development (AID); from 25,000 individual donors; and regularly from about 45 to 50 American corporations, many of whom quite well known. For aid to Lebanon, we went to 300 corporations.

We are making a special appeal to aid the helpless victims in Lebanon. And we are urging individuals — and corporations — to send donations earmarked for relief in this wretched, unfortunate country. Donations may be made to ANERA, 1522 K Street, N.W., 202, Washington, D.C. 20005.



SHARING A MEAL: A group of Palestinian fighters share a meal with wounded friends in an underground hospital in Beirut

## 'Egypt's Golden Age' exhibits preserved in good condition

By Jeannette Garrett  
Houston Bureau

HOLSTON — The title of the latest traveling exhibition to open in Houston — "Egypt's Golden Age: the Art of living in the New Kingdom" — is deceiving. There are several gold treasures, but the purpose of exhibit is to display the everyday objects owned by the average Egyptian.

Unlike its more famous predecessor, the exhibit of King Tutankhamen which toured the U.S. from 1976 to 1978 and featured the enormous wealth of ancient Egyptian royalty, "Egypt's Golden Age" is about "all sorts of people," says Edward Brovanski, curator of the exhibition. "What we wanted to do with this exhibit was to talk about the life of the people, people who had college educations and people who worked with their hands."

Brovanski describes the years 1558-1085 B.C., classified by historians as the New Kingdom. "It was a period when there was a real middle class. The Egyptians conquered a vast empire and there was a middle class composed of soldiers, the bureaucrats who administered the empire and the priests who ran the temples. I think a large number of people managed to live rather well."

The introduction to the exhibition, which contains more than 400 objects, is a full-scale reproduction of a room and garden as they existed in an actual house excavated in the south suburb at Amarna. The city of Amarna was established by the "heretic pharaoh," the first monotheist in history, King Akhenaten. Most of the homes of Amarna were placed in an individual walled enclosure surrounded by gardens and shade trees. In the center of a symmetrical garden was a pool stocked with fish and blue and white lotus. Papyrus, poppies, mandrake and bachelors button grew in the mud at the margin of the pool.

After walking through the garden, the visitor enters a full-scale reproduction of the

living room of Vizier Nakht, a premier of ancient Egypt, whose house was excavated in Amarna. Painted in bright colors, the room has four palm-capital columns, intricately carved doors, raised platform for furniture and slit windows high in the walls. Doorways in Egypt at that time tended to be only five feet high, and though the ancient Egyptians were several inches shorter than modern man, they would have had to stoop to enter most rooms, says Brovanski.

The walls of the central hall were sometimes whitewashed part-way up, while the upper portion was left the dull brown color of mud plaster, probably for its cooling effects. Floors were made of tile-like bricks covered with a layer of mud plaster, occasionally whitewashed or painted.

Furniture was much simpler in ancient Egypt and much more sparse," says Brovanski, who is assistant curator of Egyptian and ancient Near Eastern art at the Museum of Fine Arts in Boston, where "Egypt's Golden Age" originated. Instead of using communal dining tables, everyone had their own small table, or simply put their plate on the floor next to them on a mat.

The ancient Egyptians generally cooked outside their homes, says Brovanski, either on the roof or in the backyard, since there were no chimneys inside the house to direct the smoke. The exhibit includes some actual 3,000-year-old food found in Egyptian tombs: raisins, pomegranates, dom palms, bread and dried pigeon, most of them on loan from the Louvre Museum in Paris.

# the BUMBLES of mumbles

## The missing pearl -- Part III

By Alexandra Frith

Dearlo, Lillypop and Toggler were just setting out from their home. Lillypop carrying the birthday cake. Dearlo clutching the pearl and Toggler bringing up the rear, holding the oyster pie. They all looked very smart in their party clothes as they headed for Oystermouth Castle where Dooley the Dragon was waiting to start his birthday celebrations.

The wind was picking up and, as Toggler looked out to sea, he saw a mermaid waving. Her tresses blowing in the wind. He waved back, then he saw two smaller hands waving and realised that there were three merfolk out there in the waves.

Toggler touched Dearlo to turn and see and, as Dearlo turned, and looked, he sensed the urgency of the waving.

"They are in trouble of some sort," said Dearlo. "We must go down to the water's edge and see if we can help."

Soon, all three little Bumbles were down at the edge of the water and they watched until the mermother and her two merchildren came in close until their tails rested on the wet sands.

Then they heard the sorry tale of the missing pearl and what an important pearl it was. Of course, Dearlo handed over the pearl immediately and was happy to do so. Lilly and Lilo were so relieved to have found the wishing pearl that they started to smile again.

Their mermother looked her usual calm self again, but she did notice that Dearlo

looked slightly worried. "Why do you look so sad?" she asked Dearlo.

"Well, we were going to give Dooley the Dragon the pearl for his birthday and now we have nothing to give."

"Oh dear," the mermaid said. "We must

help you after your kindness in helping us." She turned to Lila and Lilo, saying, "Children, you have heard that Dearlo Bumble is troubled that by returning our wishing pearl he now has no present to give to Dooley. I know of a way in which you could help."

She looked down at her two merchildren.

They both smiled back at her, then, turning to Dearlo, Lila and Lilo said in unison: "Give us the wishing pearl. Mother, please!"

They both held it in their hands and said,

"Dear wishing pearl, we ask you please. To grant our wish before we leave. Give Dearlo Bumble a silver ball, For Dooley's birthday, from us all!"

Flash! And there in Dearlo's hand was a shiny silver ball!

"Thank you Lila and Lilo. What a happy ending to the day," Dearlo gasped.

"Yes," said Lillypop. "May we wish you both a very happy birthday!"

"And many of them," joined in Toggler.

Dearlo had an idea. "Why don't you all join us for your birthday celebrations with Dooley the Dragon?"

"What a good idea!" said the mermother. "We shall return and bring back some of our friends. We shall meet at the tide's edge."

Dearlo and Toggler quickly ran up the beach to tell Dooley about the new arrangements for his birthday party, while Lillypop guarded the cake and the oyster pie down on the beach.

When Dooley heard the news about how the merchildren were to wish him the



Illustrations by Nicolas Dumine

silver ball, he fairly hopped, skipped and jumped down to the beach with the Wizard and his other Bumbles following behind.

So, at tea-time on that very eventful day, Mumbles was a sight to see!

Mermaids and mermen all sitting happily at the water's edge flapping their tails in the spray. Merchildren racing each other through the waves, whilst the Bumbles played games on the sand.

When the cake-cutting time came, they all gathered around the two birthday cakes. Lila and Lilo cut into their starfish cake and Dooley cut into his Oystermouth Castle cake. They both tasted delicious!

All agreed that it was one of the best birthday parties that they had ever been to. When the evening star appeared in the sky to let them know that night was approaching, the sun waved goodbye and the moon came up, all smiles, and waved hello.

Everyone in Mumbles, including the Bumbles, had a smile on their face as they went to bed that night. Lila and Lilo, beneath the waves and tucked up safely in their beds, kissed their mermother and merfather goodnight and thanked them for a lovely birthday.

Dearlo snuggled into his scallop shell bed and also thought over the day. He was so glad that it had had a happy ending.

Dooley the Dragon, clutching his new silver ball, thought it the best birthday in all his five hundred years on earth.



### Field day for lawyers

## Moviemaking in Hollywood dangerous business

By Dale Pollock

HOLLYWOOD (LAT) — The fireball loomed over the set like a giant, angry sun, while more than 100 persons beneath scattered in all directions. A moment later, the helicopter skidded into the soft river sand as chunks of metal flew through the air. People screamed, the injured moaned, and blood was everywhere. The director stood in a state of shock, his complexion chalk-white, muttering, "It's all wrong! It's all wrong."

That scene is not in the movie *The Twilight Zone*, but took place during the making of the movie recently at Indian Dunes Park near Saugus, California about 40 miles north of Los Angeles. When the scene was over, actor Vic Morrow and two young children, Renee Shinn Chen and My-Ca Dinh Lee, lay dead in the shallow river.

Although the *Twilight Zone* accident has become the subject of intense media interest, it is only the latest in a series of production accidents to strike Hollywood in recent months. Three members of the Cameramen's Union were killed in the last eight months, spurring members of that union to form the movie industry's first joint safety committee, which will, with the cooperation of the major studios, investigate production accidents.

Cameraman Bob Marta, one of the leaders of local 659's safety committee, is concerned. "The deaths of Vic Morrow and those kids are tragic," he said. "The trouble is, nobody cares when the people behind the camera are killed. What does that make us, dog meat?"

Marta was interviewed by phone from Winnipeg, Canada, where the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees was having its biannual convention. Marta said a resolution insisting upon increased safety measures won a unanimous vote of confidence from more than 1,000 delegates attending the convention from union locals throughout the United States and Canada.

Convention resolutions will not affect the current investigation into the *Twilight Zone* accident, which occurred on the final night of filming for the "tales of the unexpected" segment, directed by John Landis *The Blues Brothers*. Investigators from several state and federal agencies, along with representatives from the screen actors guild, are viewing blowups of each frame of film recorded by five cameras during the accident in an attempt to find out exactly what happened.

Traveler's Insurance Co., the liability carrier for Warner Bros., which was financing and planned to distribute *Twilight Zone* for Landis and co-producer Steven Spielberg, also is conducting its own investigation. Bill Smith of Traveler's Los Angeles office said: "It would not be ethical or appropriate for me to comment in view of the circumstances. We are doing our best to meet all of our responsibilities to the parties involved."

There is also the possibility of criminal charges being brought against Warner Bros. Or the film-makers involved, as the California division of labor standards enforcement

has indicated that the two children were working illegally during the 2:30 a.m. filming on July 23. In any event, the *Twilight Zone* accident is expected to produce numerous lawsuits involving millions of dollars. "This promises to be a lawyer's field day," said one insurance investigator.

Interviews with producers, directors, camera personnel and stuntmen reveal a growing general concern over safety on movie and television locations where stunts and special effects are involved. "Because this industry is so depressed in terms of employment, you'll get people who will do anything," said Brienne Murphy, a cinematographer active in the crusade for more stringent safety measures. "If the stunt works, it's fine. If it doesn't, you're not around to complain."

Randall Robinson knows that feeling—he was in the helicopter operating one of the cameras on *Twilight Zone*. Still shaken by the incident, Robinson recalled, "this was the real thing. They just sent us out there and blew us up."

Robinson said a previous shot involving the helicopter, Morrow and the children had been completed earlier that evening, with a near-miss as the chopper barely avoided one explosion. Robinson said he questioned doing the stunt again, but was assured by Landis that the helicopter would be nowhere near the explosive charges. "A director whose total involvement is with the image should not be the one to say, 'Fire the cameras,'" Robinson said.

Steve Lydecker, who operated a Chapman crane camera 25 feet above the *Twilight Zone* set, shared Robinson's misgivings. "The cameraman is losing more and more power as directors have taken over," he said.

"The directors of today don't have the background and knowledge required to supervise the entire enterprise," added Lydecker, a cameraman with 23 years experience.

Many behind-the-scenes, or "below-the-line," personnel, such as cameramen, electricians, special-effects experts and grips question the power of the current breed of amateur film-makers, who often write, produce and direct their own movies. The crew members believe that "above-the-line," or creatively involved, people like producers and directors will sacrifice anything to get a shot done on time, as long as the sequence on film is superior to what the last similar picture featured.

"Everyone's trying to do it bigger and better," said Jim Nissen, accident investigator for the Screen Actors Guild, who has examined hundreds of on-set accidents in the last 25 years. "So the actors and stuntmen and camera operators are taking more chances."

Producers react angrily to these charges, pointing to several safety measures routinely taken. On *Twilight Zone*, for instance, five firemen and several paramedics were present on the set. "We're very safety conscious," responded one producer, who asked not to be

camera operator is only as good as his or her last film (or camera shot), word travels fast about complainers and malcontents. "Hollywood is a small town," Marta concurred. "Refusing to do a shot hits you where it hurts, right in your pocketbook."

Marta is hopeful that the new safety committee, which will become operational in two weeks, will make a difference. Comprised of producer Lindsay Parsons Jr. and representatives from the unions representing camera personnel, electricians, grips, special-effects workers and stuntmen, the group, for the first time, will have access to accident reports so that a profile of the most common mishaps can be constructed.

"It doesn't take more time to do it the safe way," Marta said. "There's always a fine line in a calculated shot or stunt—you know that going in. But there's no excuse for killing people when you're making a movie."



LOOKING LONGINGLY: Every picture tells a story, and this one has its own unmistakable theme. The two French poodles are seen looking longingly into the window of a butcher's shop in Kent, England.

## Madame Dai symbolizes change in Vietnam society

By Bob Secter

HO CHI MINH CITY (LOT) — Her life was once exciting, glamorous, rewarding. There was a career as a prominent lawyer, a respected political figure and a good-will ambassador for her nation.

She was a jet-setter before jets were common. Paris, Rome, Africa, Washington—she was one of the administration's most outspoken critics.

"Here I am pleading for Viet Cong accused of murder," she told a visitor the other day, leafing through the envelope of photos. The one she referred to showed her in court, arguing for the life of a man considered a guerrilla terrorist.

Despite her anti-establishment politics in what was South Vietnam, the new regime from Hanoi forced Madame Dai and her husband, a medical school administrator at Saigon University, to leave their spacious home and move what possessions they could into the law office.

Today, at 60, her hair gray and her hourglass figure gone pudgy, she has crowded into the three-room flat with her husband and about a dozen cats. Her private office has become their bedroom, the law library a restaurant and the storeroom a kitchen.

"I'm not a professional cook but we need something to live on," she said. "I try to readapt myself to the situation."

She apparently has readapted well. In the years since the Communist takeover in 1975, Madame Dai's has become probably the best-known and most exclusive restaurant in Ho Chi Minh City. Each night 10 to 15 diners are treated to sumptuous, multicourse feasts of traditional Vietnamese or French cuisine.

It is taboo to ask what is being served. No matter what the course, she will pretend that one of the cats is missing and that it must be the source of the stew, filet, soup or saute on the table.

Though she has been successful at it, Madame Dai wants to give up her life in the restaurant business and move to Canada, where she has a daughter she has not seen in 13 years and a 6-year-old granddaughter she has never seen. She also has a son, Andy Nguyen Phuoc Khanh, who lives in Culver City, Calif.

Both Canada and France have granted entry visas to the Dais but so far only her husband has been able to obtain an axi visa from the Vietnamese government. She had a cancerous breast removed a few years ago, but her request to go abroad for medical attention has not been approved.

Madame Dai finds her predicament ironic, because in the final years before the Communist takeover, she was also barred from leaving Vietnam.

"When the Thieu regime was in power, I couldn't get an exit visa to Canada because I was with the opposition bloc," she said. "Now I can't get it because I was with the old government."

# Nepal's handicraft center eases plight of rural women

By Meena Panday

KATMANDU (Depthnews) — Ethnic is not only beautiful, it also sells. And lately, functional items with the Nepalese ethnic motif have been finding their way into local shops and foreign outlets.

Labeled women's craft, the items include baby blankets and bedspreads made of traditional soft cotton cloth called *darkumari*, bamboo baskets and trays based on the traditional rounded sieve called *nanglo*, and cloth items like jackets, cushion covers and purses fashioned after the traditional quilted cap worn by Nepalese men.

That it is fast becoming an entrepreneurial success, however, is not what makes the women's craft unique. It is the fact that the products were made chiefly by poor rural women who have had no source of income but who could now look forward to an easing of their economic burdens with the selling of their wares.

Why it is so important for these women to have a supplementary income source is explained by a household budget survey conducted by the Nepal Rashtra Bank (Nepal national bank) in 1974. The survey revealed that only that earned by women outside of the

household income was considered as their own personal money.

Although the women contribute to the household enterprise like farming (98 percent of the female labor force are in agriculture), the income accrues to the household head, who is usually the husband.

In addition, women have fewer employment opportunities than men, chiefly because they have a lower educational status. According to the 1971 census, most male unpaid family workers move on to paid employment when they reach 20 but women of all ages tend to remain as unpaid family workers.

These factors have prompted women's institutions in Nepal to focus on development of skills especially for poor and rural women. Training is mainly in the areas of cutting and sewing, knitting and weaving.

In addition to giving the women a measure of economic independence, the training projects also aim at affording them a sense of fulfillment through stimulation of their creativity and imagination.

Women's craft, for instance, is managed by the Women's Skill Development Project, a non-profit handicraft and marketing enterprise run by the Nepal Women's Organization in Kathmandu. Destitute women, school

dropouts who could not qualify for jobs, and poor rural women in general are given enrollment preferences.

The training, which lasts for three to six months, is in the use of the sewing machine, the knitting machine or the backstrap loom. A nominal fee is charged for two to three hours' use of a machine. The women are then sent back to their homes equipped with a machine or loom, the cost of which is paid back from sale of their products.

Although designed for the low-income groups, the project has attracted a good number of urban middle class women. Prevented by tradition from working outside the home, the latter want to acquire skills they could utilize within the household. Also, they welcome the chance to communicate and interact with other women.

"The competition to enrol is so stiff," says Mrs. Devaki Pradhan who has been sewing instructor for six years. "Even women holding masters degrees are eager to attend the training," she adds.

So far, nearly 5,000 women have been assisted, according to Mrs. Pradhan. Those who had not known how to sew a stitch, she says, are now earning as much as 400 rupees (\$27) a month while those who showed a degree of expertise from the start now make over 1,000 rupees (\$70) a month. "This is more than I earn!" she exclaims.

The income, she points out, would never be earned by the women were they to work with the government, which puts a premium on "qualified" personnel.

The rural women themselves are eager to grab at the chance to benefit from the course. Since they have to bear the cost of the materials as well as travel fare to the center by themselves, some of them earn the required money by working in their neighbors' fields.

Says Seeta Devi, a 22-year-old who has never been to school, and who walks for two hours from her village to the center: "The sewing and cutting skill is really one no woman should be without. After completing my six-month course I plan to open up a tailoring shop in my village and maybe at the same time run classes for other village women. Meanwhile, I am already making my own clothes as well as clothes for my mother, sister and brother."

Clothes-making is indeed a worthwhile saving scheme in the light of the fact that, apart from cloth being so expensive, the tailoring charges are exorbitant even for the urban-employed. The tailoring charge for a simple blouse, for instance, has reached 10 rupees (\$0.67) or 12 rupees (\$0.80), a sum that can buy a poor family its meals for two days.

Similarly, machine-knitting may earn women as much as 3,000 rupees (\$203) per month in season. Carpet-weaving, on the other hand, is more dependent on the foreign market. "This is why," says the project manager, Miss Meera Bhattarai, "the local market alone is quite insufficient. Generally, people are not ready to buy a thing which costs a little more, and that a little expensiveness may also stand for greater durability of an item has yet to be proved by Nepal's Board of Standardization and Quality Control."

Exploring the market abroad, on the other hand, provides the opportunity for the bulk sale of goods — this means more jobs for more needy women," Miss Bhattarai points out.

A fourth training project in the offing is wood blockprinting which aims at the rejuvenation of the ancient Nepalese cloth dyeing or *chippa* craft practiced by the Newar community which has been losing ground to Indian merchants. The scope of this undertaking is large enough to provide employment opportunities to the poor and destitute women of the chippa community.

4. Serve warm or at room temperature.

**Variations:**

Instead of baking the fish, poach it in the sauce over low heat.

1/2 cup chopped carrots may be added with the vegetables.

For Armenian Tsongo Plaki, add 1 diced potato and 2 chopped carrots. Substitute 3 tablespoons tomato paste for the fresh tomatoes.



DECORATIONS: Han Kung flowers are made by pinching together pieces of colored silk into decorative patterns of almost limitless scope.

## The Han Kung flowers

Han Kung Flowers:  
The Art of Elegance

thought such as these that caused Huang to revive the art of making Han Kung flowers.

Huang first came into contact with the flowers when she went to work at a factory making the Japanese version eight years ago. Its owner was impressed by the silk flowers he had seen in Japan. When the factory closed down, Huang obtained some Japanese literature on the subject, and it was only then that she realized that the art of making Han Kung flowers originated in China.

Tracing the origins of Han Kung flowers proved to be difficult, although their delicate and refined nature suggested that they were not a folk art. For this reason, they have been given the name Han Kung, which literally translated means "Han Palace."

Han Kung flowers are simple and cheap to make, only requiring some silk, dyes, tweezers, scissors and glue as tools and raw materials. Beginners must first learn eight basic patterns. Huang said that patience is the most important quality in mastering the art.

Huang's house is a museum of all the different applications of Han Kung flowers. Representations of birds, flowers, fish, and scenery as well as portraits, adorn the walls, while display cabinets contain such decorations as necklaces, rings and brooches. The collection is not large, but the inspiration behind it is obvious.

Huang admits that the efforts of one person are not enough to preserve an art form. "If we do not pay serious attention to preserving the Chinese cultural heritage for future generations, we will probably have to learn about it from history books," she says.

When she heard that a local television station had reported on some French students who had come to Taiwan to perform traditional Chinese puppet shows, Huang commented: "We have foreigners coming from all over the world to learn traditional Chinese skills. Why do we ignore our own precious cultural heritage?" she asks. It was

## Fashions give opulent touch to austerity wave in France

By Suzy Patterson

PARIS (AP) — French fashions for next winter gave an opulent touch to the nation's current austerity wave, and there was a lot to choose from last week if you had a few thousand dollars to spare for couture clothes.

Some designers showed long looks but most stayed with the current Paris trend of skirts somewhere around the knee.

Madame Gres wound up the shows as the doyenne of French fashion with her usual great mohair poncho coats or draped dresses.

The suit is right back in, but looks best if the jacket has huge contrasting lapels, or is a solid to mix with another solid color or plaid skirt. The most popular silhouette is nearly tall, and feminine, with emphasis on small waists and full skirts — though these skirts are shorter, more in tune with the times.

Most striking suit looks are at Saint Laurent or Ungaro. Saint Laurent showed black or red and black in the same outfit with a wide, swirling skirt or a smart Spencer top over a short skirt. Ungaro's white suits with a crescent-shaped black moon effect as piping on the jacket were applauded for ingenuity.

Black is back in force but it's far from funeral with all the colorful touches and details like sparkly strass and beading. Soft tarts show up as well — very nicely done at Scherrer, who definitely appreciates the British royals. Many couturiers also enjoy mixes of forest green, sharp contrasts of poppy red or royal blue and purple to lighten things up.

Fabrics from Italy or France are fabulous. Suits may be in soft flannel or broadcloth, tweed and checks, even versions of embroidered mohair. And velvet is invariably the luxury touch, on lapels or cuffs. Another new look is whole outfits in delicate chenilles.

While most suits are feminine, with puffy or shaped shoulders, smaller waists and straight or swirling skirts around the knee, some blouson-topped or masculine-tailored types look hand some, and straight pants put in a perfunctory appearance.

"Gimmickry is not in this year," says one observer, perhaps forgetting outsiders like Paco Rabanne and Andre Courreges, who always emphasize fun more than staid fashion.

Rabanne showed some leathery numbers that one journalist said must have been inspired by a close encounter with E.T. (extra-terrestrial, the film character.)

Coats are important, with some good redingote styles, also wide and tiered numbers at Givenchy. There were elegant three-tiered coats at Saint Laurent, and some very big furs like black and white fox, mink or ostrich-feathered long jackets with a few capes here and there.

Dressy numbers swept the field for evening in these collections. They were mainly in black, but also happened in color and sparkling embroidery.

Yves Saint Laurent and Givenchy both went for tight and low-waisted ballerina styles with puffed-out skirts and sleeves or a feathered bust at the shoulder. But while the slim waist was in, it was also beautifully out. If you prefer the waistless hip-drapped flapper look or a dressy tubular chemise — this look was shown by many houses in luminous printed silks or panne velvets.

Fashion pros like those from women's wear daily yawn loudly over big, important ball gowns — perhaps they've seen too many. But those huge taffeta and velvet numbers still look great on a runway, and if you could sew, maybe you could whip one together.

# Filial piety is basis of family life in Korea

By Hong Sungpyo

SEOUL (Yonhap) — In the traditional Korean family system, the father-son relationship had primacy over all others. The foundation of this father-son relationship was *kyo*. Filial piety or devotion, which is well-expressed in the Confucian aphorism that "filial piety is the basis of all human conduct." *Hyodo* was the primary moral code that maintained the Korean family system where three or four generations often lived together.

Parents exercised absolute authority over their children, while sons were obliged to pay unconditional obedience to their parents. There was, of course, a duty on the part of parents to raise their children, but even if they failed to perform this duty well, sons were required to serve their parents with all sincerity. A passage from *Tongmongsong*, a Yi dynasty book describes the nature of *hyodo* in this respect. "In this world, there is not a parent who is not righteous, and therefore, one should devote himself to serve his parents even if they do not love him."

One of the earliest records of *kyodo* appears in the book of *Samkukyusa*, or the history of the three kingdoms, compiled by a national priest named Iyon (1206-1298) during the Koryo dynasty. An episode in the book reveals how *kyodo* was revered by the society of that time.

During the reign of King Hungdok of Silla, the story goes, a poor man named Son Sun lived near Kyongju. After the death of his father, he and his wife worked as day laborers to support their baby son and Son Sun's elderly mother. The old woman was very fond of her grandson, and fed him all of her food at the expense of her own health. Son Sun became concerned for his mother and finally declared to his wife, "We can have another son, but we will never have another mother. We must rid ourselves of this hindrance to our first duty."

The couple took their son to the mountains with the intention of burying him alive. While there, they found a small bell which had an exquisite sound. Believing the bell to be a god-sent gift, Son Sun and his wife, returned to their home with both the bell and their son. They hung the bell beneath the eaves of their house, and its enchanting music was carried far and wide by the wind.

The king heard the sounds from his palace and was so moved that he ordered his servants to investigate the origins of the lovely music. In this way, he came to learn of Son Sun and his wife and their devotion to his mother. The king said, "They are good models of filial piety, sure to be rewarded by heaven and earth," and he gave them a fine house and fifty large bags of rice a year.

*Hyodo* demanded that sons always maintain a self-sacrificing devotion to their parents. Anecdotes of such sons are abundant in old Korean documents. *Oryunhaengsillo*, an 18th century casebook on dedicated children, mentions the example of Yoo Sok-jin, a tiny provincial official. Yoo's father was stricken with a malignant disease which caused him to faint every night after a violent spasm. Someone told the son that his father could be cured by eating the bone and blood of a living human. Yoo Sok-jin obediently cut off his left forefinger and fed it to his father. (For the record, the father recovered.)

Although *hyodo* was primarily concerned with a father-son relationship, its demands also found applications in a wide range of activities in and out of family life. A person's overall conduct was judged in terms of *hyodo*. One of *hyodo*'s most important tenets for a son was to perpetuate the family line by bringing forth his own son. He was also required to respect his health, for his body was considered to be that of his parents. In addition, *hyodo* imposed the need for a son to never dishonor his family.

The rules of *hyodo* did not end with the parents' death either. It was customary for a son to mourn for a period of three years in a cottage built by the graves of his parents. He was excluded from a normal daily life during the mourning period, and if he were a government official, he was expected to resign his post. The rest of his life was to be spent obeying the will of his deceased parents.

For the son who scrupulously adhered to *hyodo*, there occasionally was a monument constructed by the government in his honor. Such a commemoration was not only a great honor for the entire clan, but also served as an inspiration for others.

Self-sacrificing devotion was expected from daughters as well, not to mention daughters-in-law. This can be seen in the story of Sim Chong, the heroine of one of Korea's well-known novels, a written during the Yi dynasty by an anonymous author.

Sim Chong's mother died when she was only seven days old, and she was raised by her blind father. When Sim Chong was around 15 years old, her father fell into a pond, and was rescued by a monk. The father was so great that he pledged to donate 300 large bags of rice to the monk. The monk assured him that such of rice generosity would result in the restoration of his eyesight.

Well aware of her father's poverty, Sim Chong secretly sold herself to a group of seamen to finance her father's offering. The seamen wanted to use Sim Chong as human sacrifice to the sea during their voyage.

When she threw herself into the sea, however, she assumed the form of a beautiful lotus blossom. Some sailors found her floating on the ocean's amazement, Sim Chong was transformed back into a woman. The king made her his wife.

Industrialization and the emergence of the nuclear family pose hazards to the *hyodo* tradition, but nevertheless, the extended family remains a dominant force, especially in rural areas. *Hyodo* seems to be surviving modernization and continues to be a respected moral principle in Korea.



BABY GORILLA'S TOY: Every child likes to have a toy bear for company, and young Caesar is no exception. The bouncing baby gorilla called Caesar is much prized by keepers and veterinarian at the Los Angeles Zoo in California.

**Limiting exports****EEC, U.S. steel accord at hand**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (R) — American and European Economic Community negotiators prepared for a third day of discussions Thursday amid optimism they could agree on limiting steel exports to the United States.

The two sides were close to agreement on a target figure for reduction of carbon steel imports from seven members of the European Community, but remained divided on an American desire to include steel pipe and tubing, trade sources said.

The three-man European delegation broke off discussions late Wednesday for a meeting with U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz, but no details of the talks were released. The negotiating teams led by U.S. Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige and the European Community commissioner for industry and energy, Etienne Davignon of France, then returned to continue their detailed discussions until late evening.

Trade sources said the European delegation offered to cut European steel exports to the U.S. to a 5.8 percent share of the U.S. market over the next three years. The United States sought to reduce that figure to 5.67 percent, these sources said. Common market sources also said the Community representatives were resisting an American demand to put a ceiling on steel tube and piping exports.

The sources quoted Davignon as saying "progress is being made." The other Community representatives are Wilhelm Hafer-

kamp of West Germany and Sir Roy Denman of Britain.

The Europeans tentatively planned to leave for home on Friday, but U.S. officials stressed no deadline had been set for the negotiations.

The Europeans hope to forestall the imposition of penalty duties on their steel sold in America. The U.S. Commerce Department will make a final ruling on unfair trade complaints lodged by U.S. steelmakers by Aug. 24. Even if the negotiating teams reach an agreement, the seven firms which filed the suits in January have the right to reject or approve it.

In another development, a call for the United States administration to lift its embargo against European firms participating in the Soviet pipeline, was due to be

approved in Brussels by the ten members of the EEC on Thursday, diplomatic sources said.

The ten were due to give their approval later Thursday on the basis of a note prepared by the EEC's administrative commission which says that the embargo is unlikely to be effective, but could cause the collapse of sub-contractors whose work does not depend on U.S. licences.

The note would be accompanied by legal arguments that the U.S. embargo is contrary to international law. The document prepared by the commission states that: "It is clear that the U.S. measures are liable to affect a wide variety of business activities while their primary purpose is to delay the construction of the pipeline to bring Soviet gas to Western Europe."

**Senate okays statute change**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (R) — The Senate, concerned about criticism of the way the economy is being run in this election year, has approved a constitutional amendment that would force Congress to produce balanced budgets.

President Ronald Reagan, whose Republican Party controls the Senate, said he was pleased by the vote, but may many senators doubt it will ever become law.

The measure faces strong opposition in the House of Representatives, which is controlled by the Democratic Party. Even if it were approved by the house, the amendment would have to be ratified by 38 of the 50

states within seven years before it became the 27th amendment to the U.S. constitution.

The amendment would require Congress to balance the budget, except in time of war or if 60 percent of Congress voted for a deficit. It also limits tax increases to the rate of growth in the economy.

President had vowed to balance the budget by this year, although deficits from \$115 billion to \$150 billion are now projected.

Democratic Party majority leaders in the House of Representatives strongly oppose the amendment and housespeaker Thomas O'Neill said his passage would be "cowardly."

Democrats argued it would not ensure a balanced budget since a so-called "super majority" of Congress — 60 percent — could vote to have deficit spending in any year.

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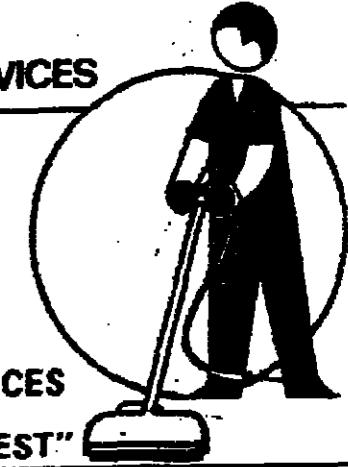
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## International

# Rebellion by MPs puts Italy in crisis

ROME, Aug. 5 (R) — The Italian government was plunged into new turmoil Thursday by a rebellion of its supporters over austerity measures put forward by Socialist Finance Minister Salvatore Formica.

Parliamentary sources said at least 30 center-right Christian Democratic deputies broke ranks during committee hearings Wednesday night to vote against decrees on social security contributions and tightening up the collection of petrol taxes.

The rebels said the measures were neither necessary nor urgent enough to merit immediate implementation. Socialist ministers retaliated Thursday by boycotting a cabinet meeting, forcing its postponement, a government spokesman said.

The rupture between Socialists and Christian Democrats was the third major split in as many months between the two leading parties of Prime Minister Giovanni Spadolini's coalition.

"The situation is very grave," Labor Minister Michele de Giesi told reporters. De Giesi, whose small Social Democratic Party normally backs the Socialists in their conflicts with the Christian Democrats, said the rebellion was the latest sign of disintegration in the year-old coalition.

Political sources said none of the measures was vitally important and the negative votes could be reversed. But the rebellion showed Spadolini could face major problems pushing his austerity package through parliament, they said.

Christian Democratic ministers sought to play down the significance of the rebellion. Treasury Minister Beniamino Andreata said the committee decisions were technically justifiable but politically mistaken, and Industry Minister Giovanni Marcora said the party as a whole remained determined to prevent a government collapse.

Christian Democrat backbenchers were pandering to the oil lobby at a time when ordinary Italians were being asked to pay ever higher petrol prices to finance the near 70,000 billion lire (\$51 billion) state deficit, Socialist deputy Francesco Forte said.

## Scot deflates monster legend

LONDON, Aug. 5 (R) — A Scotsman poured cold water on his country's greatest legend Thursday when he suggested the Loch Ness monster was nothing more than an ancient pine log.

The supposed monster, affectionately known by Scots as "Nessie," has attracted scientists and curious tourists to the Loch (lake) in the Scottish Highlands for decades.

Many people claim to have seen a huge, feel-like creature over the years and a number of hazy photographs show something resembling a giant lizard.

But Scottish engineer Robert Craig, writing in the latest edition of the *British New Scientist* magazine, said he believed "Nessie" was an ancient pine log whose "snout" and "fins" were lumps of resin.

The great depth of Loch Ness, about 750 feet, would create pressure on the pine and occasionally fill it with gas, pushing it to the surface. There it would expel the gas with the kind of "swoosh" often described by those who claim to have spotted the monster, the engineer wrote.

## Spanish poll forecast

MADRID, Aug. 5 (R) — Former Prime Minister Adolfo Suarez said the Spanish government, whose majority in parliament has been wiped out by defections, was likely to call an early general election for mid-November.

Suarez, who recently left the ruling Centrist Party to set up his own party, predicted that the government would be unable to push the budget through parliament and would have to dissolve it in six weeks time. Elections, which take place two months after dissolution, are normally due next April.

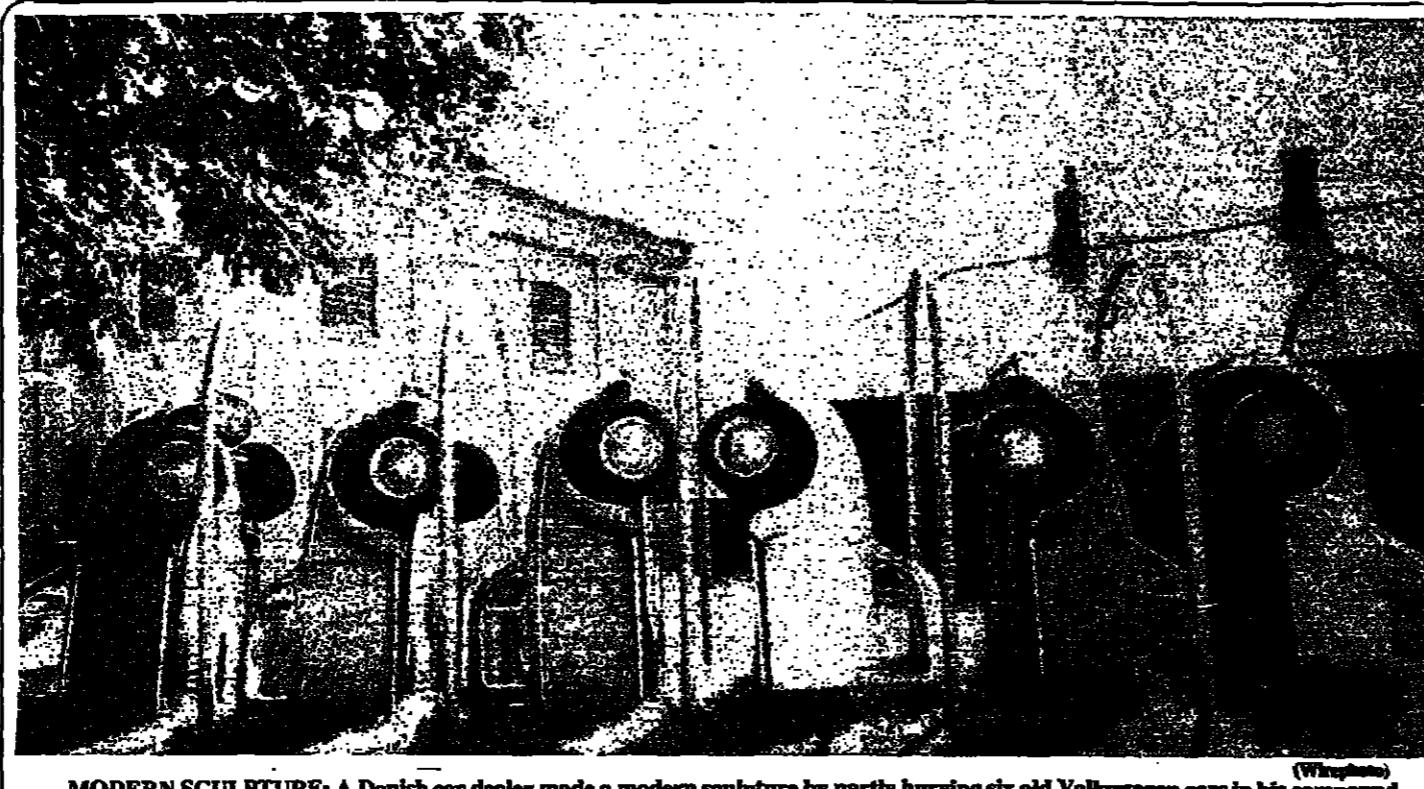
Introducing his Democratic and Social Center Party (CDS) to foreign journalists, Suarez said he expected about 15 deputies from the ruling Union of the Democratic Center (UCD) to join him.

This would bring the number of UCD deputies in the 350-seat congress (lower house) down to about 125 from 167, it won in the 1979 general election.

Suarez, 49, said he would be prepared to enter into an alliance with the left-wing Socialist Party after the election, but would not join a center-right coalition. The Socialist Party is seen in opinion polls as favorite to win the next election.

## 55 Tanzanians killed

DAR ES SALAM, Aug. 5 (R) — Fifty-five workers have died following a fire at a textile factory in Arusha last Sunday. Radio Tanzania said Thursday. The radio said 18 of the injured from the fire at the privately owned factory in northern Tanzania were in critical condition in hospital. The cause of the fire has not been established and police are still investigating.



MODERN SCULPTURE: A Danish car dealer made a modern sculpture by partly burying six old Volkswagen cars in his compound at Grenaa.

## Over revised textbooks

# Sino-Japanese tension worsening

PEKING, Aug. 5 (R) — Japanese textbooks which gloss over war atrocities have caused the worst tension between China and Japan since they established diplomatic ties 10 years ago.

Peking is furious about revisions to the officially approved textbooks which describe the Japanese invasion of China simply as an "advance" and tone down references to horrors committed during the occupation of China from 1937 to 1945. China, which sees Spadolini could face major problems pushing his austerity package through parliament, they said.

The books have also infuriated Taiwan and North and South Korea, which are in rare agreement on what they see as distortion of a repressive Japanese record as ruler of the Korean peninsula from 1910 to 1945.

Taiwan has retaliated by ordering schools to tell students more about Japanese atrocities. Taiwan was under Japanese rule longer than any other part of China and has had only unofficial relations with Japan since Tokyo recognized Peking.

Japan has shown no sign of backing down, and Education Minister Heiji Ogawa said in parliament this week he did not think China would insist on amendments to the books.

But China underlined its anger by withdrawing an invitation to Ogawa to visit Peking next month shortly before Japanese Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki is due to come on a visit marking the 10th anniversary of Sino-Japanese diplomatic relations. The dispute, if it continues, could wreck Suzuki's visit.

Diplomatic sources said, however, it apparently did not reflect tension in other aspects of Sino-Japanese relations, which have flourished in the last decade. The official Chinese press has not referred directly to Suzuki's visit in its attacks on the textbooks. But a Foreign Ministry spokesman, asked whether the trip could be affected, responded with a brisk "no comment."

Older people, many of whom remember the Japanese occupation, set likely to respond to the government's media campaign.

"When the shooting was over, the Japanese troops stabbed the victims one after another," he said. "Afterward they poured kerosene and lit the fire."

The account was accompanied by more photos of Japanese atrocities and another

article which had appeared during the same period in the Japanese press. It told of two soldiers who were competing to be first to kill 150 Chinese.

The New China News Agency interviewed a 61-year-old peasant who was living in the western outskirts of Peking when Japanese forces launched their attack on July 7, 1937. Japan captured Peking a few months later and then went on to conquer all the cities in northern China.

"Japan's invading China is an ironclad fact that can never be erased," he was quoted as saying. In the new Japanese textbooks Japan's invasion has become an "advance." "If the massacring of innocent people, the raping of women and the occupation of other nation's territory did not constitute an invasion then what does?" he said.

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The caller claimed the man, who was not identified, was "kneecapped" by a punishment squad for "recovering stolen property and for anti-social activities."

He did not elaborate. The almost exclusively Roman Catholic IRA and INLA are fighting to end British rule in Northern Ireland. They seek to unite the Protestant-dominated province with the Catholic-majority Irish Republic to end 60 years of partition.

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